Sumitomo Drive Technologies

# Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 Bevel Buddybox<sup>®</sup>

# **Right Angle Spiral Bevel Gearbox** with Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Reducer Input

# Operation and Maintenance Manual

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# **Important Notes**

# Safety Symbols

These safety symbols appear throughout this manual to indicate important warnings:



**DANGER:** Incorrect handling of the unit and/or failure to follow the instructions may cause physical damage, serious personal injury, and/or death.



**CAUTION:** Incorrect handling of the unit and/or failure to follow the instructions may cause physical damage and/or personal injury.

### **Safety Precautions**

Review and adhere to the instructions in this manual to ensure:

- trouble-free Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 operation
- your rights to make a warranty claim.

Read this manual and all accompanying documents thoroughly before use. Understand the machine, information on safety, and all precautions for correct operation. Sumitomo recommends making this manual easily accessible for reference at the machine location.



#### Only properly trained personnel should transport, install, align, wire, inspect, operate, and maintain the unit.

- When the unit is to be used in a system for transport of human beings, a secondary safety device should be installed to guard against accidents that may result in injury, death, or damage to the system.
- When the unit is to be used for an elevator, install a safety device on the elevator side to prevent it from falling; otherwise, serious injury, death, or damage to the elevator may result.



#### CAUTION:

- Operate the unit only within its design and performance specifications; otherwise, injury or damage to the system may occur.
- Keep hands and all foreign objects from the internal moving parts of the unit; otherwise, injury or damage to the system may occur.
- Take damaged units off-line immediately and do not resume operation until properly repaired.
- Modifications or alterations of any kind to the unit will void the warranty and all subsequent claims.
- Do not remove the rating plate.

### Disposal

Please refer to local, state, and federal regulations governing disposal of:

#### Steel Scrap:

- Housing (Ductile and Gray Cast Iron)
- Gears
- Shafts
- Bearings
- Lubricants:
- Gear Oil
- Grease

# **Inspection Upon Delivery**



- In order to avoid injury, **ensure that the unit is in**
- a stable position before unpacking.
  Verify that the unit received matches your order. Using the incorrect product may cause equipment damage or personal injury.
- **Do not** remove the nameplate from the unit.

Upon delivery, inspect the unit for damage that may have occurred during shipment. Notify the shipping company immediately if you find any damage. **Do not** install or operate a damaged unit.

Upon receipt of the reducer/gearmotor, verify that:

- the model number on the unit nameplate matches the purchase order
- the unit was not damaged during shipping
- all bolts and nuts are fully tightened.

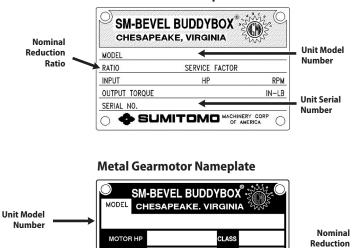
Please consult your Sumitomo agent, distributor, or sales office if you find any defects or if you have any questions.

# Nameplate Inspection

When contacting Sumitomo about this product, please be prepared to provide the following information from the reducer/gearmotor nameplate:

- reducer or gearmotor model number (nomenclature)
- reduction ratio
- serial number.

#### **Metal Reducer Nameplate**



RATIC

DATE

Ratio

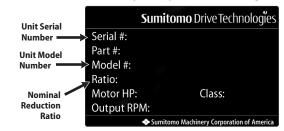
# **Lubrication Inspection**



- Oil lubricated units are shipped without oil, unless the customer specified otherwise when the unit was ordered. Always fill the unit with the correct type and quantity of lubricant prior to operation.
- Certain models must be filled with lubricant in two separate locations, the Bevel Gear portion (output) and the input portion.

Refer to the lubrication section in this manual for detailed lubrication information.

#### Non-Metallic Nameplate (when Cyclo input is 613 or larger)



Unit Serial (....

Non-Metallic Nameplate



OUTPUT RPM

SERIAL NO

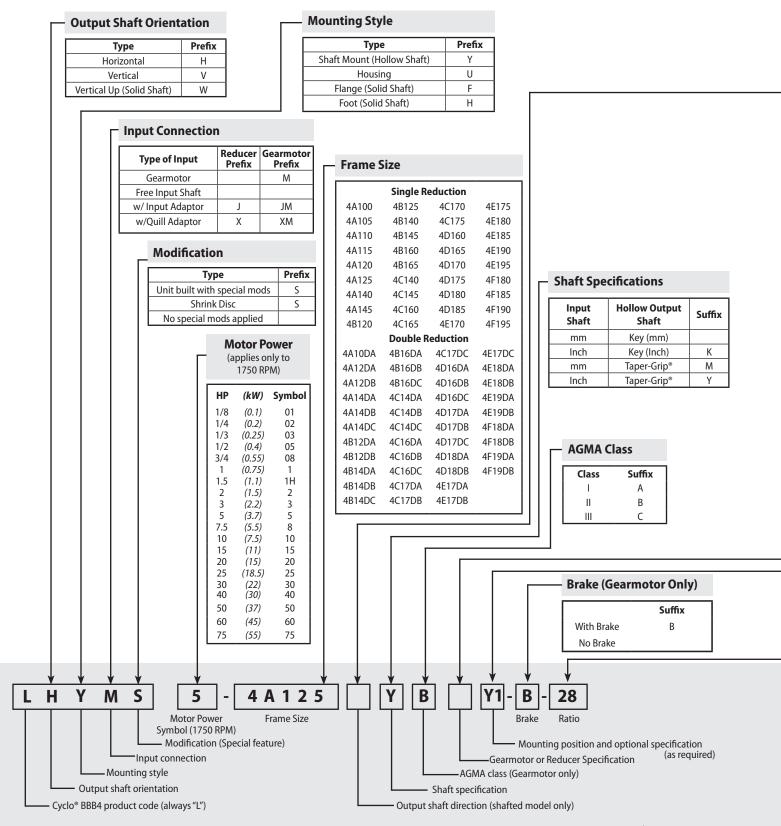
Unit Serial

Number

### Nomenclature

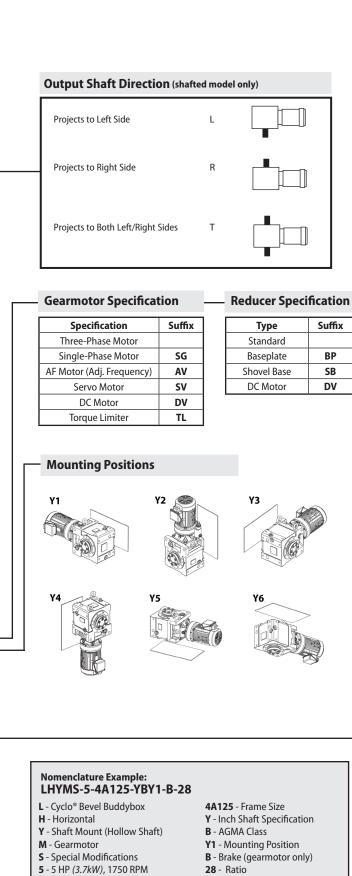
#### Nomenclature

Our nomenclature details specific information about our products. Verify that the nomenclature of the unit delivered matches your order.



### Nomenclature, continued

- 1	Nominal	and	Exact	Ratio
-----	---------	-----	-------	-------



Nominal and Exact Ratio								
BBB	with Pla	anetary li	nput		BBB with	Cyclo Inp	out	
	al Ratio	Frame	Exact			eduction		
Input	Overall	Size	Ratio	Nomi	nal Ratio	Frame	Exact	
		4A10	10.50	Input	Overall	Size	Ratio	
			4A12 4A14		6	21	5120	21.0
		4A14 4B14	10.89		22		22.4	
		4B16		7	25		24.5	
		4C16		8	28	]	28.0	
3	11	4D16	10.85	11	35		35.2	
		4D17 4E17			39		38.5	
		4E18		13	46		45.5	
		4F18	10.50	15 17	53 60		52.5 59.5	
		4E19	10.82		67		67.2	
		4F19		21	74	All	73.5	
		4A10 4A12	12.99 12.80	25	80		80.0	
		4A14		25	88		87.5	
		4B14	12.95	29	102		101.5	
		4B16		35	112		112.0	
	10	4C16	12.80		123		122.5	
	13	4D16 4D17		43	151		150.5	
		4E17		51	179 207		178.5	
		4E17 4E18	13.09	59 71	207		206.5 248.5	
		4F18		87	305		304.5	
		4E19	13.01	119	417	4A10	416.5	
4		4F19 4A10	14.21					
		4A12	14.00		Dauldar			
		4A14				Reductior	1	
		4B14	14.16	Nomi	nal Ratio	Frame	Exact	
	14	4B16		Input	Overall	Size	Ratio	
		4C16 4D16	14.00	104	364		364.0	
		4D17		121	424		423.5	
		4E17	14.32	143	501		500.5	
		4E18	14.52	165 195	578		577.5	
		4F18		231	683 809		682.5 808.5	
		4E19 4F19	14.23	273	956		955.5	
		4A10	15.36	319	1117		1116.5	
		4A12	15.65	377	1320		1319.5	
		4A14	16.00	473	1656		1655.5	
		4B14	10.00	559	1957		1956.5	
		4B16 4C16	16.26	649	2272		2271.5	
	16	4D16	10.20	731	2559	All	2558.5	
		4D17	16 17	841	2944		2943.5	
		4E17	16.17	1003	3511		3510.5	
		4E18	15.63	1247 1479	4365 5177		4364.5 5176.5	
		4F18 4E19		1849	6472		6471.5	
-		4F19	15.47	2065	7228		7227.5	
5		4A10	16.80	2537	8880	1	8879.5	
		4A12	17.12	3045	10658	1	10657.5	
		4A14	17.50	3481	12184		12183.5	
		4B14 4B16		4437	15530		15529.5	
		4010 4C16	17.78	5133	17966		17965.5	
	18	4D16		6177	21620		21619.5	
		4D17	17.68	7569	26492		26491.5	
		4E17	17.00					
		4E18 4F18	17.10					
	ŀ	4F18 4E19	16.00					
		4F19	16.92					

# **Storing and Transporting**

### **Storage Location**

- Store the unit in a clean, dry area.
- **Do not** store outdoors or in an area with high humidity, dust, sudden temperature changes, or corrosive gases.

Generally, the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 gearbox is to be stored indoors, in an ordinary factory or a warehouse. The unit should be sealed, wrapped in plastic and additionally packed with desiccant. Desiccant should be replaced periodically to keep the inside of the box dry. Use of color changing desiccant will aid in identifying when desiccant should be changed.

# **Storage Period**

- **Do not** store the unit for longer than 3 months without following long-term storage procedures recommended by Sumitomo.
- Consult Sumitomo when storing the unit for more than 3 months. Rust proofing procedures are required.
- Consult Sumitomo when exporting the unit. Rust proofing procedures may be required.

If the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 gearbox will be inactive for a long period of time, long-term storage preparation is required to prevent rust or other degradation to the gearbox.

#### LONG-TERM STORAGE SPECIFIED WITH ORDER:

If long-term storage is specified at the time of order entry, Shell VSI Circulating Oil #32 or NP-20 [JIS] equivalent rust preventative is already sprayed into the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 reducer and the air vent is replaced with a sealing plug before shipping the reducer from Sumitomo factory. External machined surfaces are coated with a suitable NP-19 [JIS] petroleum base corrosion preventative such as Black Bear Par-Al-Ketone, Houghton Rust Veto 342, Daphne Ever Coat No.1 or equivalent.

Consult Sumitomo for Long Term Storage procedures:

- Storage without factory preparations
- Ongoing maintenance during storage period

# **Operation After Storage**

Before operating the unit after an extended storage period, flush unit of rust preventative and ensure that non-metal parts, i.e., oil seals, o-rings, air breather, have not deteriorated. Non-metal parts may deteriorate easily from exposure to ambient conditions (i.e., extreme temperatures, UV rays). Replace deteriorated parts with new before unit start-up.

After starting the unit, verify that there is no abnormal noise, vibration, and/or temperature rise. Immediately stop the unit and call your local distributor, Original Equipment Manufacturer or Sumitomo directly if you observe any abnormality.

### Transporting



- **Do not** stand directly under a unit suspended by a lifting mechanism. Injury or death may occur if the unit is dropped.
- **Before lifting the unit**, determine its weight (refer to catalog, packing list, etc.) and ensure that the moving equipment will support the unit's weight.



- Never hoist or move a unit that exceeds the moving equipment's rated capacity or else personal injury and/or equipment damage may occur.
- **Do not** allow the unit to drop or fall while moving. **Always use the eye bolts** attached to the gear housing (and on motor if supplied) when moving the unit. After securing the unit to the machine, remove the moving hooks/straps from the eyebolts.

Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4

# **Installation Notes**

### **Installation Precautions**



- Do not use the reducer/gearmotor for specifications other than those shown on the nameplate or in the manufacturing specification documents. Personal injury and/or equipment damage may occur.
- Do not place combustible material on or around the unit; fire may occur.
- Do not place any objects around the unit that will prohibit proper ventilation. Inadequate ventilation may lead to high unit temperature and/or fire.
- Do not step on or hang from the unit. Excessive weight may cause component breakage leading to personal injury and/or equipment damage.
- Do not touch the shaft, keyway, or motor fan with bare hands; injury may occur.
- For applications in which lubricant leaks could adversely affect operations (i.e., package handling, food processing), place an oil pan below the unit to protect against contamination that may occur if oil seals become damaged or worn.
- Do not remove the eye-bolt from the motor. Should the eye-bolt need to be removed for any reason, install a replacement bolt in the tapped hole to prevent water from entering the motor.

### **Installation Location**

Ambient Temperature Range	.14° - 104°F <i>(-10</i> ° <i>- 40°С)</i>
Ambient Humidity	.85% or less
Ambient Conditions	.14°F minimum
Altitude	.3,280 feet (1,000 m) or less
Atmosphere	.The location should not contain
	corrosive gas, explosive gas, or
	steam. The location should be free
	of dust and well ventilated.
Location	.Indoor – free of dust and water

Consult Sumitomo when the unit will operate in conditions other than those specified above. Special unit modifications may be required.

Units manufactured according to customer specified application requirements (i.e. outdoor modifications, high-temperature modifications) are designed to operate within the specified environment.

Install the unit so inspection and/or maintenance procedures may be easily performed. Install all units that are not shaft mounted on a sufficiently rigid base.

Torque arm clearance with machine structure is required to allow for machine shaft run out. Refer to the Torque Arm Installation section in this manual for additional information.

### **Installation Angle**

**Mount the unit in the specified position** for which it was ordered. Confirm the mounting position from the gearbox nameplate.

Consult your local distributor, Original Equipment Manufacturer or Sumitomo directly if the mounting angle is to be **other than horizontal or vertical.** 

### **Severe Loading Conditions**

For applications with severe vibration and/or frequent starts and stops, Sumitomo recommends the use of high-strength mounting bolts of Grade 8.8 (or greater).

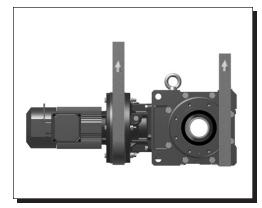
### Installation onto the Driven Machine



- Before coupling the reducer/gearmotor to the machine, verify the appropriate/desired rotation of the machine. Differences in the rotational direction may cause personal injury and/or equipment damage.
- Before operating the unit, ensure that all safety guards around the rotating components are in-place and secure. Failure to do so may result in personal injury.
- When joining the reducer or gearmotor to the load, ensure that the center alignment, belt tension, and/ or parallelism of the coupling device are within the coupling manufacturer's established recommendations. For applications with a belt, ensure that the belt is properly tensioned to the manufacturer's specification, and the bolts securing the pulley and couplings are sufficiently tightened. Failure to follow these precautions may result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.

# **Installation onto Driven Shaft**

**Taper-Grip® Bushing** 



# **Taper-Grip® Bushing Introduction**

The keyless Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> bushing system provides a simple and reliable shaft attachment for Sumitomo speed reducers and gearmotors. This system allows bi-directional shaft rotation operation with a powerful, slip-free grip. To assure peak performance of your equipment, please read, understand and follow these installation instructions.



Prior to installation of the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 onto the driven shaft, ensure that the shaft length meets or exceeds the minimum shaft engagement value "TT" detailed in Table 1.



**Do not** operate unit until the torque arm has been attached to the unit and fixed to a rigid structure. The torque arm prevents counter-rotation during unit operation. Refer to torque arm installation section in this manual for instructions.



**CAUTION:** The Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 must be externally supported prior to insertion of driven shaft into bushing. External support MUST be maintained until all bushing socket head cap screws have been tightened to the appropriate operational torque.

### **Components of Taper-Grip® Bushing**

As shown in the figure on the left, the Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> bushing includes the **bushing**, **thrust collar**, and **socket head cap screws**.

Table 1. Driven Shaft Tolerance	and Minimum	Shaft Engagoment (TT)
Table 1. Driven Shart Tolerance	° and Minimum	Shart Engagement (TT)

Shaft Diameter (in)	Tolerance (in)
1-3/16 – 1-15/16	+0/-0.0015
2 – 3-1/8	+0/-0.0018
3-3/16 – 4-11/16	+0/-0.0021
4-3/4 - 6-1/2	+0/-0.0025
Shaft Diameter (mm)	Tolerance (µm)
Shaft Diameter (mm) (30 - 50)	<b>Tolerance (μm)</b> (+0/-39)
. ,	
(30 - 50)	(+0/-39)

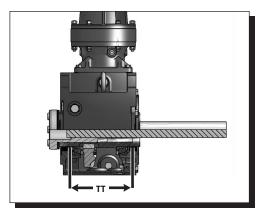
BBB	то	iB	TGE	3 XL
Size	TT (mm)	TT (in)	TT (mm)	TT (in)
4A	209	8.23	110	4.33
4B	243	9.57	120	4.72
4C	280	11.02	150	5.91
4D	327	12.87	170	6.69
4E	360	14.17	190	7.48
4F	412	16.22	-	-

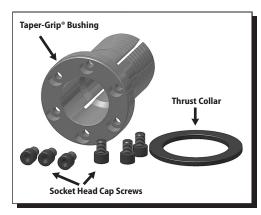
Note: [1] Based on ISO/JIS/DIN h8

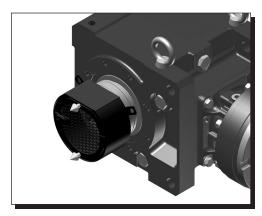
# Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> Bushing Installation onto Driven Shaft

1

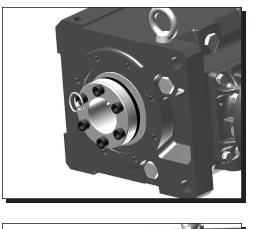
Remove **bushing cover** if unit was supplied with one.



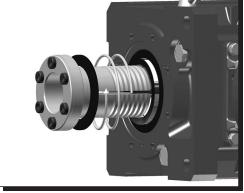




**Taper-Grip® Bushing** 

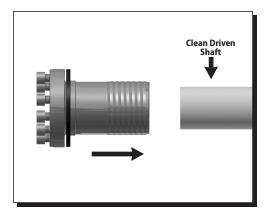


2 Loosen socket head cap screws.



#### 3

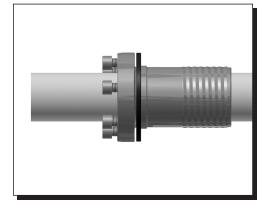
Remove (unscrew) Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> bushing from the unit.



### 4

Clean all **grease, oil** and/or **anti-seize paste** from the driven shaft. Failure to do so could result in damage to shaft.

Slide Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> bushing onto driven shaft.

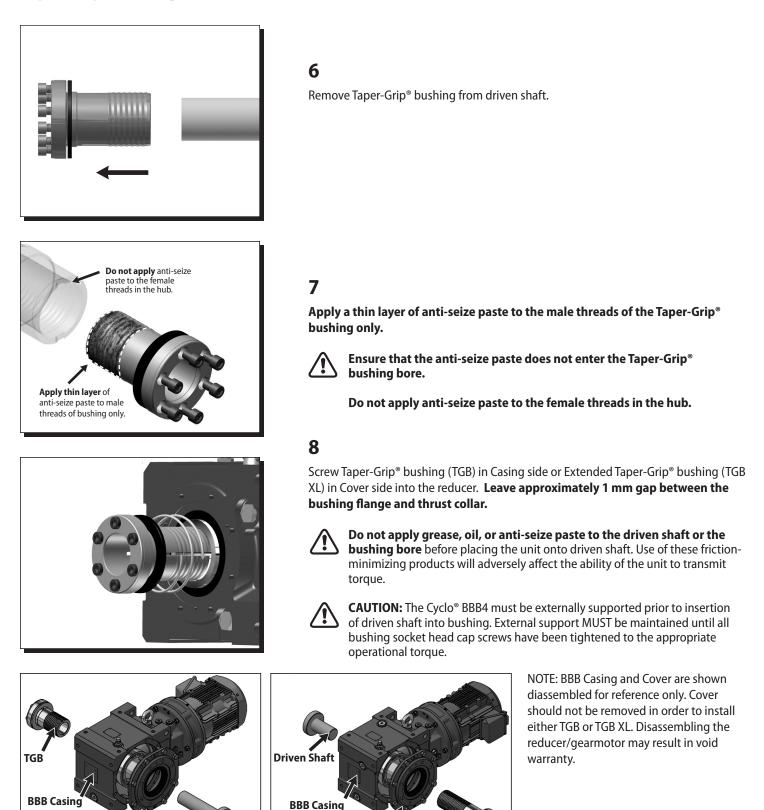


### 5

Inspect and test Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> bushing on shaft.

- •Check shaft for **burrs, corrosion, or warpage**. Repair or replace shaft as necessary.
- •Slide bushing back and forth along shaft, checking for surface irregularities and fit.
- •Verify bushing is sized correctly for the shaft diameter.

#### **Taper-Grip® Bushing**



**BBB** Cover

TGB X

**BBB** Cover

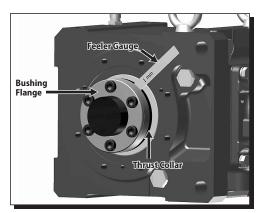
Driven Shaft

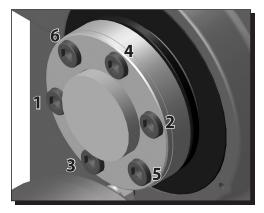
**Taper-Grip® Bushing** 

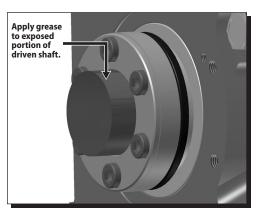


#### 9









Screw Bolts into Taper-Grip® bushing.

- · Lightly oil threads of each bolt before inserting.
- Finger tighten each bolt to secure in place.
- Be sure to **maintain the 1 mm** (approximate) **gap** between the **thrust collar** and the **bushing flange.**

Mount or slide the Cyclo® BBB4 onto the driven shaft to the desired location.

#### 11

10

Tighten bushing bolts to the correct torque value.

- Following a star pattern, use a torque wrench to gradually tighten each socket head cap screw in 20% increments.
- Refer to Table 2, Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> Bushing Bolt Tightening Torques, for the correct operational screw torques.

#### Table 2. Taper-Grip® Bushing Bolt Tightening Torques

	Carrow Others Circu	Screw	Torque
Cyclo <sup>®</sup> BBB4 Size	Screw Qty x Size	lb•ft	(N•m)
4A	6 x M12	56	(75)
4B	6 x M12	104	(140)
4C	6 x M16	185	(250)
4D	6 x M16	223	(300)
4E	8 x M16	223	(300)
4F	10 x M16	223	(300)

### 12

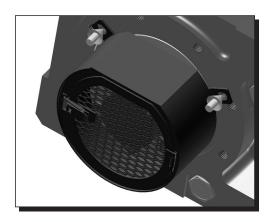
In order to prevent corrosion, apply grease to the exposed portion of the driven shaft.

• After installing and tightening the bushing bolts with a torque wrench, apply grease or an anti-corrosion product to the exposed portion of the shaft.

#### 13

After the reducer has been running for 20 to 30 hours, re-torque the screws to the values in Table 2. Screw torques should be subsequently checked at normal service intervals (i.e. every 6 months).

Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> Bushing, Keyed Hollow Bore



### 14

For units that include a bushing safety cover, reinstall the guard over the Taper-Grip® bushing.



**Do not** operate unit until the torque arm has been attached to the unit and fixed to a rigid structure. The torque arm prevents counter-rotation during unit operation. Refer to torque arm Installation section in this manual for instructions.

### **Keyed Hollow Bore Installation**

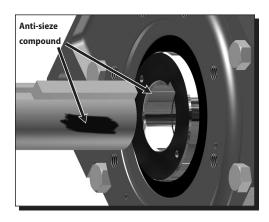


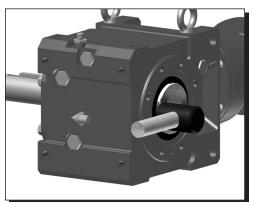
**Do not** operate unit until the torque arm has been attached to the unit and fixed to a rigid structure. The torque arm prevents counter-rotation during unit operation. Refer to torque arm Installation section in this manual for instructions.

**CAUTION:** The Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 must be externally supported prior to insertion of driven shaft into hollow bore.

# **Bore and Shaft Tolerance Specifications**

- Unless otherwise specified, the tolerance of the Hollow Shaft Bore conforms to JIS H8.
- If application involves high shock loading and/or large radial loads, a shaft tolerance of JIS js6 or JIS k6 is recommended.





# Keyed Hollow Bore Installation onto Driven Shaft

#### 1

Apply anti seize compound to the driven shaft surface and inside the reducer keyed hollow bore.

### 2

Align the driven shaft with the reducer/gearmotor bore and carefully slide unit onto the driven shaft to the desired location.

If the fit is tight, strike on the keyed hollow bore with a wooden or hard rubber mallet to assist in the assembly.



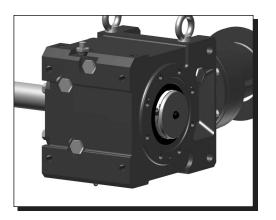
If using a mallet during installation, strike **only** against the unit's steel keyed hollow bore. Do not strike the reducer housing or oil seal as damage to the bearings, housing and/or seals may occur.

**Note:** If the fit is tight, use a jig such as the one shown in Table 3 to ease assembly. **Sumitomo does not supply a mounting jig. This information is provided for reference only.** 

Keyed Hollow Bore, Shrink Disc Type Hollow Bore

Size	а	b	c	d	е	Spacer (b) Threaded Rod (e)
JIZE	CC (ISO/JIS)	A2	Bearing	Nut	Threaded Rod	
4A	55	25	51104	M16	M16 x 250	
4B	65	25	51105	M20	M20 x 300	$\leftrightarrow \Rightarrow$
4C	75	25	51105	M20	M20 x 300	→ I
4D	85	35	51107	M24	M24 x 400	
4E	100	35	51107	M24	M24 x 400	Retaining Ring (a)
4F	120	46	51109	M30	M30 x 450	$\rightarrow$   A2

#### Table 3. Jig Dimensions (mm)



#### 3

Once driven shaft has been completely inserted into the unit's keyed hollow bore, secure the shaft in place using a keeper plate as shown to the left, or some other means of securing the unit to the driven shaft.



**Do not operate unit until the torque arm has been attached.** Refer to the Torque Arm Installation section in this manual for instructions.

### Shrink Disc Type Mounting Introduction

The **keyless Shrink Disc** provides a reliable commodity shaft attachment for Sumitomo speed reducers and gearmotors. This system allows bi-directional shaft rotation operation with a powerful, slip-free grip.

To assure peak performance of your equipment, please read, understand and follow these installation instructions.



**Do not** operate unit until the torque arm has been attached to the unit and fixed to a rigid structure. The torque arm prevents counter-rotation during unit operation. Refer to torque arm Installation section in this manual for instructions.



**CAUTION:** The Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 must be externally supported prior to insertion of driven shaft into hollow bore. External support MUST be maintained until all shrink disc socket head cap screws have been tightened to the appropriate operational torgue.

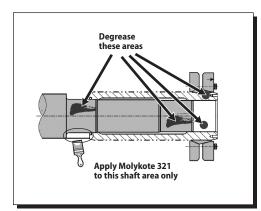
### **Bore and Shaft Tolerance Specifications**

- Refer to the certified outline drawing or Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 Catalog for recommended machine shaft dimensions.
- Unless otherwise specified, the tolerance of the Shrink Disc Bore conforms to JIS H8.
- If application involves high shock loading and/or large radial loads, a shaft tolerance of JIS js6 or JIS k6 is recommended.

**Shrink Disc Type Hollow Bore** 

### Shrink Disc Type Hollow Bore Installation onto Shaft

Before placing unit onto driven shaft, **do not apply grease**, **oil**, **or anti-seize paste to the entire driven shaft or to the bore of the shrink disc.** Use of these friction-minimizing products will adversely affect the ability of the unit to transmit torque. Never tighten locking screws before shaft installation. Inner ring may become permanently contracted even at low tightening torques.



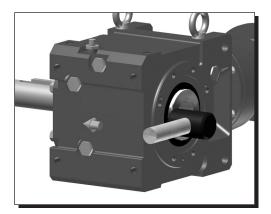
#### 1

Clean and degrease contact surfaces; reducer shaft and bore, and the machine driven shaft.

Apply Molykote 321 or an equivalent dry film lubricant to the driven shaft shoulder opposite from the shrink disc.



**Do Not** apply any friction minimizing compound to the driven shaft at or near the shrink disc.



### 2

Align the driven shaft with the bore of reducer/gearmotor bore and carefully slide unit onto the driven shaft to the desired location.

• If the fit is tight, strike on the reducer hollow bore with a mallet to assist in the assembly.



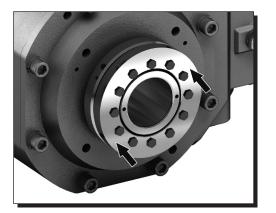
If using a mallet during installation, strike **only** against the unit's steel hollow bore. **Do not** strike the reducer housing or oil seal, as damage to the bearings, housing, and/or seals may occur.

If the fit is tight, use a jig such as the one shown in the Keyed Hollow Bore Installation section to ease assembly. **Sumitomo does not supply a mounting jig. This information is provided for reference only.** 

#### Table 4. Shrink Disc Bolt Tightening Torques

Circ	Model	Dala	Bolt Torque	
Size	(Typical)	Bolt	lb•ft	(N•m)
4A	TAS-3071-55x68	10 x M6x25 ISO/JIS grade 10.9	9	(12)
4B	TAS-3071-65x80	7 x M8x30 ISO/JIS grade 12.9	26	(34)
4C	TAS-3071-75x100	12 x M8x35 ISO/JIS grade 12.9	26	(34)
4D	TAS-3071-85x110	9 x M10x40 ISO/JIS grade 12.9	51	(68)
4E	TAS-3071-100x140	10 x M12x45 ISO/JIS grade 12.9	87	(118)
4F	TAS-3071-120x165	8 x M16x55 ISO/JIS grade 12.9	214	(290)

**Shrink Disc Type Hollow Bore** 



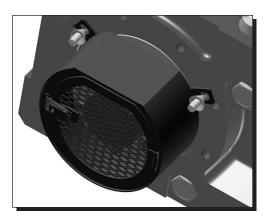
#### 3

• Set the (untightened) shrink disc on the reducer shaft.

#### 4

Tighten Bolts to the correct torque value.

- For 3-piece design shrink disc, make sure that both plates are parallel when tightening bolts.
- After confirming that the shrink disc is set correctly, tighten the bolts uniformly, in a clockwise pattern while keeping both plates parallel (**not** diagonally or 'star' pattern).
- It is recommended to tighten respective bolts by 30 degrees each time until the specified torque is reached.



### 5

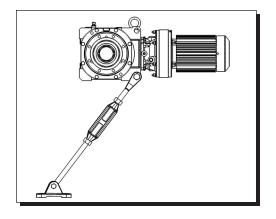
For units with a safety cover, install the guard over the **shrink disc.** 



**Do not operate unit until the torque arm has been attached.** Refer to the Torque Arm Installation section in this manual for instructions.

# **Torque Arm Installation**

Torque Arm Introduction, Turnbuckle Type Torque Arm



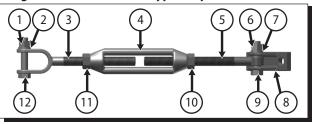
### **Torque Arm Introduction**

A **torque arm** is a device used to prevent counter-rotation of the shaft mounted reducer/gearmotor during operation.



The torque arm **must** be mounted in **tension** when torque arm mounting point is greater than 6 inches (*150mm*) from machine mounting point or, tie-rod or turn buckle type torque arm is used.

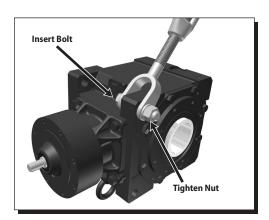
#### Figure 1. Turnbuckle Rod Type Torque Arm Parts



# Turnbuckle Type Torque Arm Parts

#### Table 5. Turnbuckle Type Torque Arm Parts

Item Number	Description	Item Number	Description					
1	Hex Nut	7	Locke Washer					
2	Lock Washer	8	Fulcrum Mounting Bracket					
3	Threaded Extension Rod	9	Hex Bolt					
4	Turnbuckle	10	Locking Nut (if supplied)					
5	Threaded Arm	11	Locking Nut (if supplied					
6	Hex Bolt	12	Hex Bolt					



### 1

Attach the torque arm threaded extension rod to the bevel housing, as shown in Figure 1, at the housing corner eyelet, using the appropriate nut, bolt and lockwasher.

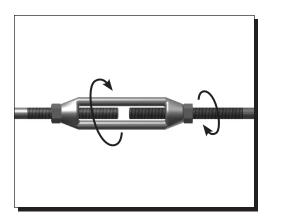
- Insert the bolt through the brackets, torque arm sleeve (if supplied) and reducer housing eyelet.
- Place the lockwasher on the bolt and secure with nut.

#### **Table 6. Bolt Tightening Torques**

Unit Size	Bolt Size <sup>[1]</sup>	ft•lb <sub>f</sub>	(N•m)
Α	M16 x 75	152 – 167	(206 – 227)
В	M20 x 100	290 – 319	(392 – 431)
С	M24 x 105	507 – 558	(686 – 755)
D	M24 x 125	507 – 558	(686 – 755)
E	M24 x 125	507 – 558	(686 – 755)
F	Consult Factory		

Note: [1] Bolt Class equal to ISO/JIS Class 8.8

**Turnbuckle Type Torque Arm** 



CW LSS

CCW LSS

### 2

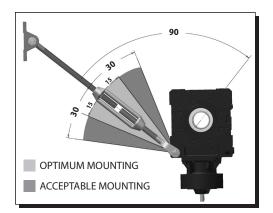
Install the turnbuckle onto the threaded extension rod (gearbox side) and then threaded arm (foundation side) to the turnbuckle

If the assembly was supplied with hex nuts to secure the turnbuckle, install the nuts loosely, ensuring the left hand nut is used on the threaded arm, prior to installing the turnbuckle and threaded arm

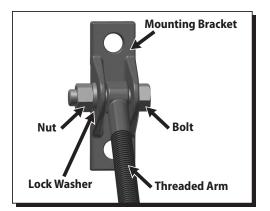
#### 3

Position the torque arm so it will be in tension during unit operation and mount the fulcrum mounting bracket to suitable structure or foundation. Consider installing two torque arms for reversing applications to allow torque arm to be in tension for each direction of rotation.

Mounting hardware for fulcrum mounting bracket are NOT supplied by Sumitomo.



UNIT ROTATION



### 4

Position the torque arm as close as possible to 90° relative to the unit output bore / driven equipment shaft.

Sumitomo does not recommend combining torque arm assemblies to achieve a greater overall length.

#### **Table 7. Bolt Tightening Torques**

Unit Size	Bolt Size <sup>[1]</sup>	ft•lb <sub>f</sub>	(N•m)
А	M16 x 65	152 – 167	(206 – 227)
В	M16 x 80	152 – 167	(206 – 227)
С	M16 x 80	152 – 167	(206 – 227)
D	M16 x 80	152 – 167	(206 – 227)
E	M16 x 80	152 – 167	(206 – 227)
F	Consult Factory		

**5** Assemble the threaded

arm to the fulcrum mounting bracket, as shown.

Note: [1] Bolt Class equal to ISO/JIS Class 8.8

Some adjustment of the turnbuckle may be required to lengthen or shorten the overall length.

Secure it with the appropriate nut, bolt and lockwasher.

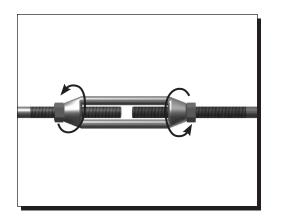
• Insert the bolt through the brackets and threaded arm eyelet.

• Place the lockwasher on the bolt and secure with nut.

#### Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4

### Torque Arm Installation, continued

Turnbuckle Type Torque Arm, Tie Rod Type Torque Arm

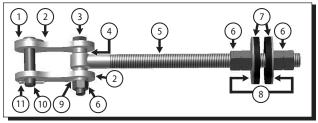


#### 6

If turnbuckle hex nuts were supplied, secure the turnbuckle position by adjusting the previously installed turnbuckle nuts.

Unit Size	Nut Size <sup>[1]</sup>	ft•lb <sub>r</sub>	(N•m)
А	M20	290 – 319	(392 – 431)
В	M24	507 – 558	(686 – 755)
С	M24	507 – 558	(686 – 755)
D	M24	507 – 558	(686 – 755)
E	M24	507 – 558	(686 – 755)
F	Consult Factory		

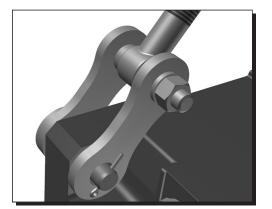
Figure 1. Tie Rod Type Torque Arm Parts



### **Tie Rod Type Torque Arm Parts**

#### Table 9. Tie Rod Type Torque Arm Parts

Item Number	lumber Description		Description
1	Flat Washer	7	Rubber Bushings
2	(2) Mounting Brckts or (1) Clevis	8	Washers
3	Hex Bolt	9	Lock Washer
4	Spacer	10	Clevis Pin
5	Threaded Arm	11	Cotter Pin
6	Hex Nut		



### 1

Assemble the torque arm mounting brackets or wishbone clevis to the threaded arm, as shown in Figure 1 and attach the torque arm assembly to the bevel housing, at the housing corner eyelet, using the pin and cotter pin.

Tighten mounting bolts according to the values listed in this table:

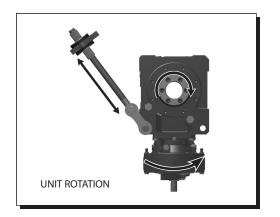
- Insert the clevis pin through the brackets and housing eyelet.
- Insert the cotter pin into clevis pin and secure assembly.

#### Table 10. Bolt Tightening Torques

BBB4 Size	Bracket	Torque		
BBB4 Size	Bolt Size <sup>[1]</sup>	lb•ft	(N•m)	
4A	2 x M16	152 – 167	(206 – 227)	
4B	2 x M20	290 – 319	(392 – 431)	
4C	2 x M24	507 – 558	(686 – 755)	
4D	2 x M24	507 – 558	(686 – 755)	
4E	2 x M24	507 – 558	(686 – 755)	
4F		Consult Factory		

Note: [1] Bolt Class equal to ISO/JIS Class 8.8

Tie Rod Type Torque Arm



#### 2

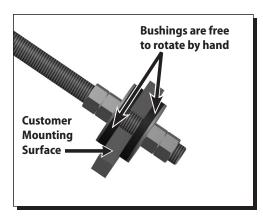
Position the torque arm so it will be in tension during unit operation.

Consider installing two torque arms for reversing applications to allow torque arm to be in tension for each direction of rotation.

#### 3

Position the torque arm as close as possible to 90° relative to the unit output bore / driven equipment shaft.

Sumitomo does not recommend combining torque arm assemblies to achieve a greater overall length.



OPTIMUM MOUNTING

### 4

After inserting the torque rod into the mounting surface, carefully tighten nuts on either side of torque rod.



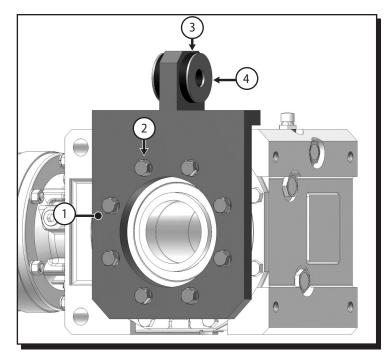
Do **<u>not</u>** over tighten nuts. Tighten to point where rubber bushings can still be hand rotated when the unit is turned off.



Before starting unit, verify the following:

- The torque arm will be in tension when the unit is in operation.
- The torque arm is aligned with the reducer housing.
- The torque arm is perpendicular to the axis of the output / driven shaft.
- The threaded arm is not touching the reducer housing.

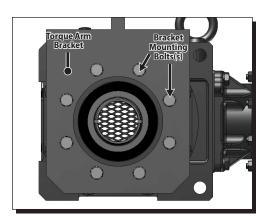
Flange Mount (Banjo) Type Torque Arm



# Sumitomo Supplied Components of Flange Mount (Banjo) Type Torque Arm

Table 11. Flange Mount (Banjo) Type Torque Arm Components

Item Number	Description
1	Torque Arm Bracket
2	Bracket Hardware
3	Rubber Bushing (qty 3)
4	Washer (qty 2)



### Flange Mount (Banjo) Type Torque Arm Installation Procedure

#### 1

Attach the Flange Mount (Banjo) Torque Arm Bracket to the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 using mounting hardware.

#### Table 12. Flange Mount (Banjo) Torque Arm Bolt Tightening

Torques	Bracket	Torque		
Unit Size	Bolt Size <sup>[1]</sup> Ib•ft		(N•m)	
4A	8 x M10	34 – 38	(46 – 51)	
4B	8 x M12	59 – 65	(80 – 88)	
4C	8 x M16	152 – 167	(206 – 227)	
4D,4E	8 x M20	290 – 319	(392 – 431)	
4F 8 x M24		507 – 558	(686 – 755)	

Note: [1] Bolt class equal to ISO/JIS Class 8.8

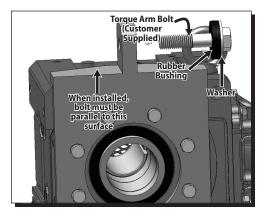
#### 2

Place washer and rubber bushing on bolt.

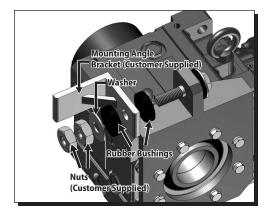
Insert torque arm bolt (supplied by customer) through mounting tab on Banjo torque arm.

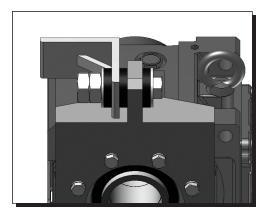


 $\Delta\,$  Make sure bolt is parallel to Flange Mount (Banjo) Type Torque Arm surface when fully installed.



#### Flange Mount (Banjo) Type Torque Arm

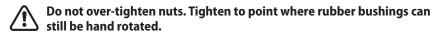




### 3

Follow these steps to attach the customer supplied mounting bracket.

- Place rubber bushing and mounting angle bracket on bolt.
- Verify that the mounting angle bracket hole is the correct diameter (see Table 13 in Step 1).
- Place remaining bushing, washer and two nuts on the bolt.



#### Table 13. Flange Mount (Banjo)Torque Arm Bolt Dimensions

Unit Size	Bracket Tab Bore	Typical Bolt Size
4A	Ø18mm	M16
4B	Ø18mm	M16
4C	Ø22mm	M20
4D	Ø26mm	M24
4E	Ø33mm	M30
4F	Ø39mm	M36

Note: [1] Bolt class should be greater or equal to ISO/JIS Class 8.8. Application with multiple start/stops and/or shock loading should use ISO/JIS 10.9 at a minimum.

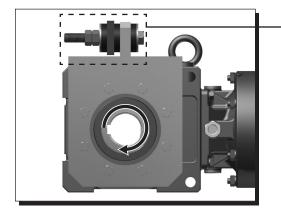
#### 4

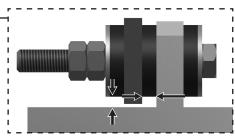
Confirm that the rubber bushings can still be rotated by hand. This indicates the bushing has not been over tightened.



Compressed bushings will not allow the bushings to properly absorb the loads of the shaft mounted gearbox. This can lead to premature failure.

#### Mounting Angle Bracket must be secured to the machine structure.





During full rotation of driven shaft, there must be no metal-to-metal contact between mounting angle bracket and torque arm.

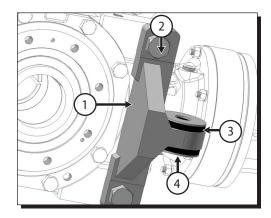
#### 5

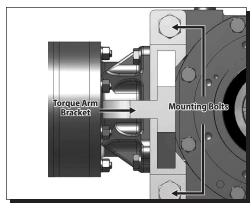
**Confirm the mounting angle bracket does not interfere with the torque arm.** There should be no metal-to-metal contact between the two during a complete revolution of the driven equipment.

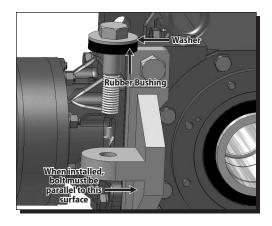


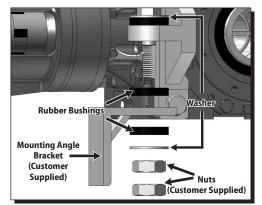
Metal-to-Metal contact between these two components may lead to catastrophic failure of the reducer/gearmotor.

**T-Type Torque Arm** 









# T-Type Torque Arm Sumitomo Supplied Components for T-Type Torque Arm

#### Table 14. T-Type Torque Arm Components

Item Number	Description
1	Torque Arm Bracket
2	Bracket Hardware
3	Rubber Bushing (qty 3)
4	Washer (qty 2)

# T-Type Torque Arm Installation Procedure

#### 1

Attach the T-Type Torque Arm Bracket to the Cyclo® BBB4 using the supplied mounting hardware.

Tighten mounting bolts according to the values listed in Table 15:

#### Table 15. T-Bracket Bolt Torques

	Bracket	Torque		
BBB4 Size	Bolt Size <sup>[1]</sup>	lb•ft	(N•m)	
4A	2 x M16	152 – 167	(206 – 227)	
4B	2 x M20	290 – 319	(392 – 431)	
4C	2 x M24	507 – 558	(686 – 755)	
4D	2 x M30	1014 – 1115	(1373 – 1510)	
4E	2 x M30	1014 – 1115	(1373 – 1510)	
4F	2 x M36	1844 – 2213	(2500 – 3000)	

Note: [1] Bolt class equal to ISO/JIS Class 8.8

### 2

Place washer and rubber bushing on bolt.

Insert torque arm bolt (supplied by customer) through torque arm mounting tab. T-Type bolt sizes listed in Table 16.

#### Make sure bolt is parallel to T-Type Torque Arm side when fully installed.

### 3

Follow these steps to attach the mounting angle bracket:

- Place rubber bushing and mounting angle bracket on bolt.
- Verify that the mounting angle bracket hole is the correct diameter for customer supplied bolt.
- Place remaining bushing, washer and two nuts on the bolt.

Do not over-tighten nuts. Tighten to point where rubber bushings can still be hand rotated.

#### **T-Type Torque Arm**



#### Table 16. T-Type Bolt Dimensions

Note: [1] Bolt class should be greater or equal to ISO/JIS Class 8.8. Application with multiple start/stops and/or shock loading should use ISO/JIS 10.9 at a minimum.

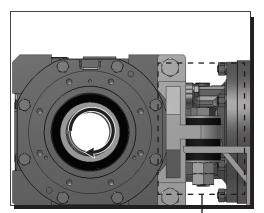
#### 4

Confirm that the **rubber bushings** can still be rotated by hand. This indicates the bushing has not been over tightened.



Compressed bushings will not allow the bushings to properly absorb the loads of the shaft mounted gearbox. This can lead to premature failure.

Mounting angle bracket must be secured to the machine structure.

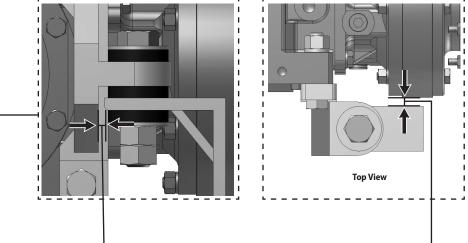


# 5

**Confirm the mounting angle bracket does not interfere with the torque arm.** There should be no metal-to-metal contact between the two during a complete revolution of the driven equipment.



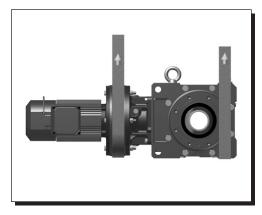
Metal-to-Metal contact between these two components may lead to catastrophic failure of the reducer/ gearmotor.



#### Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4

# **Removal from Driven Shaft**

Removal of Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 with Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> Bushing



### Removal of Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 with Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> Bushing



Before starting unit removal process, ensure that electrical power to unit has been safely locked out and that electrical connections to the unit have been disconnected.

#### 1

Externally support the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 unit such that all unit weight is removed from the driven shaft.

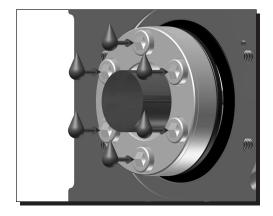


The weight of the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 must be externally supported throughout the entire removal process.

Do not raise the unit too high. Shaft binding may occur.

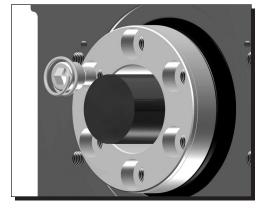
hrust Collar

Remove safety guard from unit. Inspect the Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> bushing to ensure that a gap exists between the thrust collar and the bushing flange.



### 3

Apply a liquid-penetrant onto each of the Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> bushing socket-head cap screws. Allow time for the penetrant to settle into the threads of the screws.

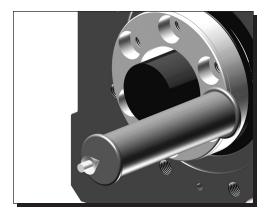


#### 4

After the penetrant has settled, remove the socket head cap screws one at a time.

# Removal from Driven Shaft, continued

Removal of Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 with Keyed Hollow Bore



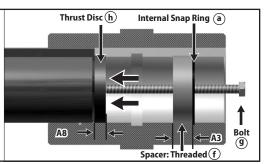
#### 5

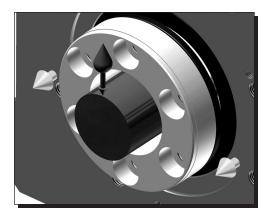
Place a soft-metal (i.e. brass) bar against the flange of the Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> bushing and carefully strike end of bar with a hammer to release the bushing.

If shaft removal is difficult, a jig such as the one shown in Table 17 may be used to ease the removal process. **Sumitomo does not supply the removal jig . This information is supplied for reference only.** 

**Table 17. Removal Jig Dimensions** 

6:	а	f	g	h
Size	CC (ISO/JIS)	A3	BOLT	A8
4A	55	19	M24x250	6
4B	65	19	M24x300	6
4C	75	19	M24x300	5
4D	85	24	M30x400	5
4E	100	19	M30x400	5
4F	120	30	M36×450	7

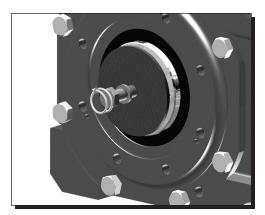




### 6

Apply a liquid penetrant to the shaft where it contacts the bushing. Allow time for the liquid to settle between the shaft and the bushing wall. Once the penetrant has settled adequately, carefully remove the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 from the driven shaft.

If the Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> bushing releases but the unit cannot be removed from the driven shaft, a puller may need to be applied to the bushing flange to pull the unit free from the shaft.



### **Removal of Cyclo® BBB4 with Keyed Hollow Bore**



Before starting unit removal process, ensure that electrical power to unit has been safely locked out and that electrical connections to the unit have been disconnected.

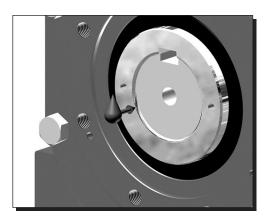
#### 1

Remove safety cover and the shaft-retaining device from the driven shaft.

#### Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4

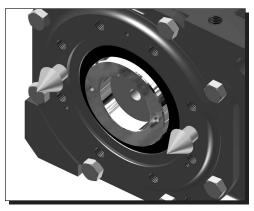
# Removal from Driven Shaft, continued

Removal of Cyclo® BBB4 with Shrink Disc



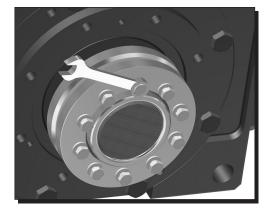
# 2

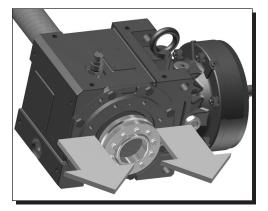
Apply a liquid penetrant to the shaft where it contacts the keyed hollow bore. Allow time for the liquid to penetrate between the shaft and the wall of the keyed hollow bore.



#### **3** Or

Once the penetrant has settled adequately, carefully remove the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 from the driven shaft.





# Removal of Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 with Shrink Disc



Before starting unit removal process, ensure that electrical power to unit has been safely locked out and that electrical connections to the unit have been disconnected.

### 1

Remove the safety cover and apply liquid penetrant to the shrink disc bolts and shaft/bore allowing adequate time for proper penetration.

Loosen the locking bolts on the shrink disc.

Complete bolt removal should not be required.

Tapping the shrink disc flanges with a rubber dead blow hammer may be required if any fretting corrosion has occurred.

### 2

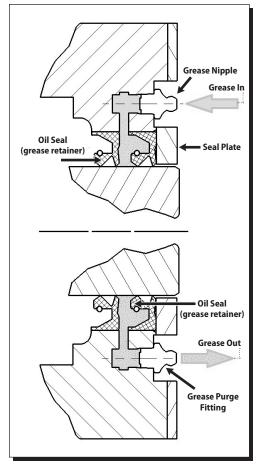
Remove the gearbox from the shaft.

If shaft removal is difficult, a jig such as the one shown in the Removal of Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 with Taper-Grip<sup>®</sup> Bushing section may be used to ease the removal process. **Sumitomo does not supply the removal jig. This information is supplied for reference only.** 

# Lubrication

#### **Taconite Seal Lubrication Procedure**

#### Figure 1. Taconite Seal Assembly



### 1. Introduction

Taconite seals may be used in high dust operating environments. They use a grease purging system to prevent outside contaminants from entering the speed reducer/ gearmotor. Figure 1 to the left details the Taconite Seal assembly as utilized in the 4-Series Bevel Buddybox<sup>®</sup>.

### 2. Procedure

Please follow these instructions to maintain lubrication of the Taconite Seal system:

- a. Unless otherwise specified, the Taconite output seals are each packed with NLGI #2 EP mineral grease prior to unit shipment from the factory location.
- b. Grease does not need to be added to the seals prior to unit start-up.
- c. Add grease to the seals according to the guidelines indicated in Table 18. Refer to Table 19 for recommended greases.

#### Table 18. Lubrication Cycle

Output Shaft RPM	Hours of Operation	
>200	5,000	

Please note that a highly contaminated environment may require a more frequent lubrication cycle.

#### Table 19. Recommended NLGI#2 Mineral Greases

Grease	BP	Castrol		Chevror	/Texaco	Exxon	/Mobil	Shell	Total	
Mineral	Ener-Grease LS EP2	Spheerol AP3	Olista Longtime 3EP	Tribol 3020/ 1000-2	Duralith Grease EP2	Multifak Grease EP2	Beacon EP2	Mobilux EP2	Alvania EP2	Multis EP2
Food Grade					FM EP2					

Taconite Seal Lubrication Procedure, continued

- d. If the unit will <u>not</u> be operated for a period greater than 6 months, apply a thin layer of grease to the outside surface of the seals to prevent dry-out. Before starting the unit, check the seals' integrity and replace if required. If seal replacement is required, purge and add grease to the newly installed seals prior to unit operation.
- e. Units may be equipped with either a spring loaded grease relief fitting, or a plug in the grease purge port.
  - If your unit has a plug, begin by removing the plug.
  - While rotating the reducer shafts to ensure even grease distribution, **slowly** add grease until new grease begins to come out of the grease purge port. **NOTE: Rotate shafts by hand in this process. Exercise caution in rotating shaft in order to avoid injury.**
  - Wipe away excess grease and reinstall plug if necessary.

### Lubrication Introduction, Lubrication Nomenclature

# **Lubrication Introduction**

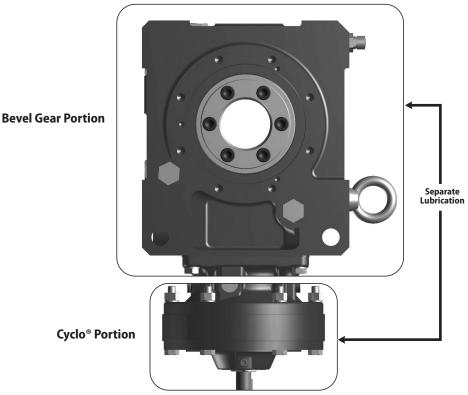
STOP

Sumitomo Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4s units are shipped from the factory **without** lubricating oil, unless the customer specified otherwise when the unit was ordered.

The unit must contain the correct type and amount of lubrication before operating.

For all Y4 motor down mounting configuration models, the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion is filled at the factory with **grease.** For these units, the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion **does not** need to be filled with lubricant before start-up. The Bevel Gear portion of models built for the Y4 mounting configuration requires filling with gear oil before start-up. Refer to the Lubrication Method section for details.

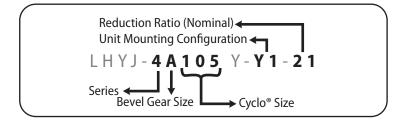
For the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 built for the Y4 mounting configuration, the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> and the bevel gear portions **must** be filled with lubricant separately and maintained separately. Lubricant **does not** flow from one section to the other.



#### Cyclo® BBB4 in Y4 Assembly

### Lubrication Nomenclature

Refer to the **Model** portion of the unit's nameplate to determine the unit size, reduction ratio, and mounting configuration:



**Lubrication Method** 

### **Lubrication Method**

Using the model number and mounting configuration, refer to Tables 20 and 21 to determine the unit's lubrication method.

		Unit Size				
Mounting Configuration	Bevel Gear Size	Cyclo <sup>®</sup> Size	Lubricatio	Lubrication Method		
Y1 Y2 Y3 Y5 Y6 Y6	4A - 4F	100, 105, 110, 115, 120, 125, 140, 145 160, 165, 170. 175, 180, 185, 190, 195 10DA, 12DA, 12DB, 14DA, 14DB, 14DC, 16DA, 16DB, 17DA, 17DB, 17DC	Complete Unit (Bevel Gear Portion and Cyclo® Portion)	Common Oil Sump		

#### Table 20. Lubrication Method for Configurations Y1, Y2, Y3, Y5, Y6

#### Table 21. Lubrication Method for Y4 Configuration

		Unit Size			
Mounting Configuration	Bevel Gear Size	Cyclo <sup>®</sup> Size	Lubrication Method		
		100, 105, 110, 115, 120, 125	Cyclo <sup>®</sup> Portion	Maintenance Free Grease <sup>[1]</sup>	
Y4		120, 125 10DA, 12DA, 12DB	Bevel Gear Portion	Oil	
	4A-4F	140, 145, 160, 165, 170, 175 180, 185, 190, 195	Cyclo® Portion	Grease <sup>[2]</sup>	
		14DA, 14DB, 14DC, 16DA, 16DB, 17DA,17DB, 17DC, 18DA, 18DB, 19DA, 19DB	Bevel Gear Portion	Oil	

Notes: [1] Maintenance Free Grease: the input Cyclo® portion is grease lubricated as standard from the factory and usually does not require replacement or replenishment.

[2] Grease: the input Cyclo® portion is grease lubricated as standard from the factory. Please refer to Tables 27, 28 and 29 for the proper grease replenishment and change interval.

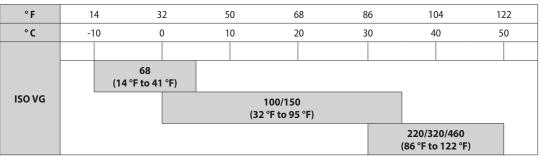
# **Bevel Gear Portion and Cyclo® Portion Lubricants**

### **Recommended Oils**

**Table 22, Recommended Oils,** lists the oils that may be used to lubricate the Bevel Gear portion of the unit. These oils may also be used in the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion if it is oil lubricated.

ExxonMobil:	Spartan EP	Shell Oil:	Omala S2 G	Kluber:	Kluberoil GEM1
ExxonMobil:	Mobilgear 600XP	Caltex:	Meropa	Idemitsu Oil:	Daphane Mechanic
ExxonMobil:	Mobil SHC Gear Hi-Shock 150	Castrol:	Alpha SP	BP Oil:	Energol GR-XP
Food Grade Oil:	Klübersynth UH1 6-460	Gulf Oil:	EP Lubricant HD	Total:	Carter EP

#### Table 22. Recommended Oils



• Use lubricants with low viscosity for operation during winter or at relatively low temperatures.

• Use lubricant with a viscosity within the range listed in Table 23, Recommended Oil Viscosity.

#### Table 23. Recommended Oil Viscosity

Minimum allowable viscosity	15 cSt ( <i>mm</i> <sup>2</sup> /s) or more at operating temperature	Viscosity that ensures oil film strength adequate for load transmission.
Maximum allowable viscosity	4300 cSt <i>(mm²/s)</i> max.	Viscosity that permits start-up of Buddybox <sup>®</sup>

• Consult local distributor, nearest authorized agent or Sumitomo directly when the unit will be operated in ambient temperatures other than 14° – 104°F (-10° – 40°C). Special unit modifications may be necessary.

### **Cyclo® Portion Approved Greases**

**Table 24, Cyclo® Portion Approved Greases**, lists the greases that may be used to lubricate the Cyclo® portion if grease is the specified lubrication method (refer to the Lubrication Method section for details).

#### Table 24. Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Portion Approved Greases

Ambient Temp. °F (C)	Overall All Unit Sizes	
14° – 122°F	11:1 through 18:1	Shell Gadus S2 V220 NLGI 00
(-10° – 50°C)	19:1 and higher	ExxonMobil Unirex N2 grease

Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portions have unique operating characteristics that require specific lubricant properties. Please consult Sumitomo if alternate lubricants are required.

#### Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4

# Lubrication, continued

**Oil Quantities** 

Be sure to check the oil level with the oil gauge. The following listed oil quantities are approximate.

### **Oil Quantities**

#### Table 25. Single Reduction Approximate Oil Quantity

Units: US liquid gallon (*liter*) Note: Output = Bevel Gear Portion Input = Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Portion

	Mounting Configuration						
Bevel Gear Unit Size	m	Y3	Y2	Y4		Y5	Y6
4440	0.42	(1. (2))	0.04 (2.17)	Output	Input	0.26 (1.26)	0.40.(1.0.4)
4A10		(1.62)	0.84 (3.17)	-		0.36 (1.36)	0.49 (1.84)
4A11		(1.66)	0.86 (3.26)	0.30 (1.13)	Grease	0.37 (1.40)	0.50 (1.88)
4A12	<u> </u>	(1.71)	0.88 (3.35)			0.38 (1.45)	0.51 (1.93)
4A14	0.50	(1.91)	1.00 (3.77)			0.44 (1.65)	0.56 (2.13)
4B12	0.87	(3.29)	1.72 (6.50)			0.88 (3.34)	0.85 (3.23)
4B14	0.92	(3.49)	1.84 (6.97)	0.45 (1.72)	Grease	0.94 (3.54)	0.91 (3.43)
4B16	1.04	(3.92)	2.01 (7.61)			1.05 (3.97)	1.02 (3.86)
4C14	1.46	(5.52)	2.93 (11.1)			1.40 (5.30)	1.55 (5.88)
4C16	1.57	(5.96)	3.12 (11.8)	0.72 (2.72)	.72 (2.72) Grease	1.52 (5.74)	1.67 (6.32)
4C17	1.67	(6.34)	3.30 (12.5)	1		1.62 (6.12)	1.77 (6.70)
4D16	2.67	(10.1)	5.26 (19.9)			2.56 (9.69)	2.75 (10.4)
4D17	2.75	(10.4)	5.42 (20.5)	1.22 (4.61)	Grease	2.64 (10.0)	2.85 (10.8)
4D18	2.83	(10.7)	5.55 (21.0)	1		2.72 (10.3)	2.93 (11.1)
4E17	3.86	(14.6)	7.61 (28.8)			3.46 (13.1)	4.25 (16.1)
4E18	3.88	(14.7)	7.69 (29.1)	1.65 (6.26)	Grease	3.49 (13.2)	4.28 (16.2)
4E19	4.15	(15.7)	8.03 (30.4)	]		3.75 (14.2)	4.54 (17.2)
4F18	5.28	(20.0)	10.41 (39.4)	1.02 (7.20)	Crosso	4.89 (18.5)	5.65 (21.4)
4F19	5.49	(20.8)	10.73 (40.6)	1.92 (7.28)	Grease	5.10 (19.3)	5.86 (22.2)

#### Table 26. Double Reduction Approximate Oil Quantity

Units: US liquid gallon (*liter*) **Note: Output** = Bevel Gear Portion **Input** = Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Portion

	Mounting Configuration						
Bevel Gear Unit Size	YI	Y3	Y2	Y4		Y5	Y6
				Output	Input		
4A10DA	0.44	(1.65)	0.85 (3.20)			0.37 (1.39)	0.49 (1.87)
4A12DA	0.46	(1.74)	0.89 (3.38)	0.30 (1.13)	Grease	0.39 (1.48)	0.52 (1.96)
4A12DB	0.47	(1.78)	0.91 (3.43)			0.40 (1.52)	0.53 (2.00)
4B12DA	0.88	(3.32)	1.73 (6.53)			0.89 (3.37)	0.86 (3.26)
4B12DB	0.89	(3.36)	1.74 (6.57)	]		0.90 (3.41)	0.87 (3.30)
4B14DA	0.93	(3.52)	1.85 (7.00)	0.45 (1.72)	Grease	0.94 (3.57)	0.91 (3.46)
4B14DB	0.94 (3.56)		1.86 (7.04)			0.95 (3.61)	0.92 (3.50)
4B14DC	0.95	(3.61)	1.89 (7.17)			0.97 (3.66)	0.94 (3.55)
4C14DA	1.47	(5.55)	2.96 (11.2)			1.41 (5.33)	1.56 (5.91)
4C14DB	1.48	(5.59)	2.96 (11.2)			1.42 (5.37)	1.57 (5.95)
4C14DC	1.49	(5.64)	2.99 (11.3)	1		1.43 (5.42)	1.59 (6.00)
4C16DA	1.59	(6.03)	3.12 (11.8)	0 72 (2 72)	6	1.53 (5.81)	1.69 (6.39)
4C16DB	1.61	(6.08)	3.14 (11.9)	0.72 (2.72)	Grease	1.55 (5.86)	1.70 (6.44)
4C17DA	1.69	(6.41)	3.33 (12.6)	]		1.64 (6.19)	1.79 (6.77)
4C17DB	1.70	(6.44)	3.33 (12.60)			1.67 (6.32)	1.80 (6.80)
4C17DC	1.75	(6.64)	3.35 (12.70)	]		1.70 (6.42)	1.82 (6.90)
4D16DA	2.67	(10.1)	5.28 (20.0)			2.58 (9.76)	2.77 (10.5)
4D16DB	2.67	(10.1)	5.28 (20.0)	1.22 (4.61)	Grease	2.59 (9.81)	2.80 (10.6)
4D16DC	2.72	(10.3)	5.31 (20.1)	]		2.59 (9.82)	2.83 (10.7)

#### Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4

# Lubrication, continued

**Oil Quantities** 

#### Table 26. Double Reduction Approximate Oil Quantity, continued

#### Units: US liquid gallon (*liter*) Note: Output = Bevel Gear Portion Input = Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Portion

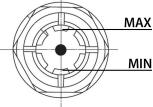
			Mountir	ng Configuration			
Bevel Gear Unit Size	YI	Y3	Y2	Y4		Y5	Y6
				Output	Input		
4D17DA	2.69	(10.2)	5.28 (20.0)			2.59 (9.81)	2.80 (10.6)
4D17DB	2.77	(10.5)	5.44 (20.6)			2.69 (10.2)	2.88 (10.9)
4D17DC	2.83	(10.7)	5.47 (20.7)	1.22 (4.61)	Grease	2.72 (10.3)	2.91 (11.0)
4D18DA	2.85 (10.8)		5.57 (21.1)		2.77 (10.5)	2.96 (11.2)	
4D18DB	3.09	(11.7)	5.65 (21.4)			3.01 (11.4)	3.20 (12.1)
4E17DA	3.86	(14.6)	7.61 (28.8)			3.46 (13.1)	4.25 (16.1)
4E17DB	3.88	(14.7)	7.63 (28.9)			3.49 (13.2)	4.28 (16.2)
4E17DC	3.91	(14.8)	7.66 (29.0)			3.51 (13.3)	4.31 (16.3)
4E18DA	3.91	(14.8)	7.74 (29.3)	1.65(6.26)	Grease	3.51 <i>(13.3)</i>	4.31 <i>(16.3)</i>
4E18DB	4.15	(15.7)	7.82 (29.6)			3.75 (14.2)	4.54 (17.2)
4E19DA	4.62	(17.5)	8.19 (31.0)			4.23 (16)	5.02 (19.0)
4E19DB	4.68	(17.7)	8.19 (31.0)			4.28 (16.2)	5.07 (19.2)
4F18DA	5.31	(20.1)	10.46 (39.6)			4.91 (18.6)	5.68 (21.5)
4F18DB	5.55	(21.0)	10.54 (39.9)	1.92 (7.28)	Grease	5.15 (19.5)	5.92 (22.4)
4F19DA	5.97	(22.6)	10.88 (41.2)	1.92 (7.20)	Gledse	5.57 (21.1)	6.34 (24.0)
4F19DB	6.02	(22.8)	10.88 (41.2)			5.63 (21.3)	6.39 (24.2)

**Oil Supply and Discharge Procedures** 

### **Oil Supply Procedure**



- Always stop the unit before adding oil
- Oil level may drop during operation, depending on the oil viscosity, temperature and direction of rotation. Additional oil is not necessary. Check the oil level when the unit is stopped to ensure that it has the correct amount of oil.
- It may take some time for the oil to settle when the oil viscosity is high. Be careful not to add too much oil.
- There may be two different oil fill locations for some combinations; refer to oil fill/ drain locations figure for details.
- Consider implementing an oil analysis program to ensure lubricant continues to operate at peak performance. Follow your lubrication provider's oil analysis recommendations to ensure reducer performance.
- Always consult factory and warehouses for overhaul of gearmotors and reducers. Familiarity with Cvclo® products is necessary for proper overhaul.
- 1. Remove the 'Oil filler plug', and 'Oil fill air vent' as referenced in Figure 2.
- 2. Slowly add oil while checking the level through the oil gauge.
- 3. After the oil has settled, make sure **the level is visible** in the oil gauge.
- 4. Re-install 'Oil filler plug', and 'Oil fill air vent' after wrapping it with sealing compound or tape.

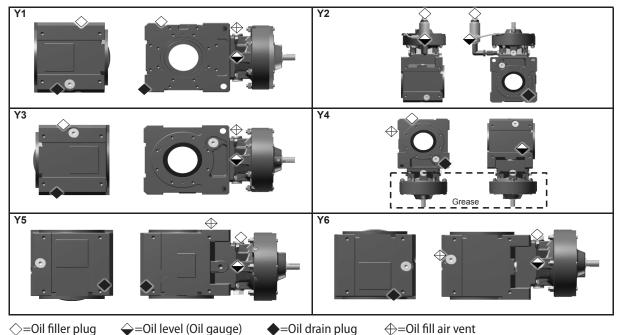


#### Table 27. Oil Change Intervals

Task	Change interval		Conditions of use
Supply of Oil	At installation		All
	First Change 500 hrs operation or 6 months, whichever come		All
Oil Change		2500 hrs operation or 6 months, whichever comes first.	When case oil temperature is 158° F (70° C) or higher
Gircilarige	Second change and thereafter	5000 hrs operation or 1 year, whichever comes first.	When case oil temperature is lower than 158° F (70° C)

Note: Units supplied with Mobil SHC Gear Hi-Shock 150 may double the oil change intervals.

#### Figure 2. Oil Fill/Drain Locations



### **Oil Discharge Procedure**

1. Remove the drain plug as shown in Figure 2, to discharge oil.

2. Properly discard or recycle lubricant according to applicable regulations.

3. Replace the drain plug after wrapping it with sealing compound or tape.

### **Grease Quantities**

• Grease quantities listed in this section are for the Cyclo® portion of the reducer/gearmotor.

- The Bevel portion is always oil lubricated unless otherwise specified at time of order entry.
- Refer to the Oil Quantities section, Tables 25 & 26. for Bevel portion oil quantities.
- Installing grease into Bevel Gear portion will result in damage to the unit.

The Cyclo<sup>®</sup> (input) portion of **only Y4 double reduction** units is grease lubricated at the factory. Additional grease is not required before initial start-up. All assemblies other than Y4 have oil lubricated Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portions. The following tables are provided for user rebuild or refurbishment reference.

# Table 28. Single Reduction Approximate Grease Quantity Units: ounce (gram)

Unit Size	Unit Lubrication Portion	Lube Quantity oz. (gram) Y4 Only
4A100/105		4.24 (120)
4A110/115		6.71 <i>(190)</i>
4A120/125		8.83 (250)
4A140/145		15.89 <i>(450)</i>
4B120/125		8.83 (250)
4B140/145		15.89 <i>(450)</i>
4B160/165		26.48 (750)
4C140/145	Cyclo®	15.89 <i>(450)</i>
4C160/165		26.48 (750)
4C170/175		35.3 (1000)
4D160/165		26.48 (750)
4D170/175		35.3 (1000)
4E170/175		35.3 (1000)
4F180/185		38.8 (1100)
4F190/195		52.9 (1500)

Unit Size	Cyclo® Stage	Lube Quantity oz. (gram) Y4 Only
Second	4.24 (120)	
4A12DA	First (Input)	0.88 (25)
	Second	8.83 (250)
4A12DB	First (Input)	2.12 (60)
	Second	8.83 (250)
4B12DA	First (Input)	0.88 (25)
	Second	8.83 (250)
4B12DB	First (Input)	2.12 (60)
	Second	8.83 (250)
4B14DA	First (Input)	0.88 (25)
	Second	15.86 (450)
4B14DB	First (Input)	2.12 (60)
	Second	15.86 (450)
4C14DA	First (Input)	0.88 (25)
	Second	15.86 (450)
4C14DB	First (Input)	2.12 (60)
	Second	15.86 (450)
4C14DC	First (Input)	4.24 (120)
	Second	15.86 (450)
4C16DA	First (Input)	2.12 (60)
	Second	26.48 (750)
4C16DB	First (Input)	4.24 (120)
	Second	26.48 (750)

# Table 29. Double Reduction Approximate Grease Quantity Units: ounce (gram)

**Grease Quantities** 

### Lubrication, continued

Grease Replenishment and Draining Procedure, Grease Replacement

## **Grease Replenishment and Draining Procedure**

### Procedure for adding grease to grease-lubrication models (excluding maintenance-free models)

- 1. Remove the grease discharge plug from the outside cover.
- 2. Add grease with a grease gun from the grease nipple in the inside cover section or motor connection cover.
- 3. Insert the grease discharge plug.



Add grease while manually rotating the input shaft to ensure proper, uniform circulation.

Add grease slowly, to prevent internal pressure and possible seal damage.

Do not add more grease than the amount shown in Table 28 and 29. Adding too much grease may cause the grease temperature to rise, or force the grease to leak into the motor.

Always consult factory and warehouses for overhaul of gearmotors and reducers. Familiarity with Cyclo<sup>®</sup> products is necessary for proper overhaul.

### Table 30. Grease Replenishment Intervals

Hours of operation	Replenishment interval	Remarks
10 hr. max./day	3 - 6 months	Shorten the supply interval when
10 - 24 hr. max./day	500 - 1000 hours	the operating conditions are severe or the frame size is large

#### Table 31. Grease Replacement Intervals

Change Interval	Remarks	
Every 20,000 hrs or 3–5 years	Shorten the supply interval when the operating conditions are severe or the frame size is large	

## **Grease Replacement**

• Maintenance free units may be safely operated for an extended time because it is sealed with maintenance free grease. Tables 28 & 29 are provided for generalized reference.



- Adequate care should be taken to ensure the lubricant continues to meet the specified lubrication characteristics.
- If refurbishment or rebuild is required, do not add more grease than the amount shown in Tables 28 and 29.
- Adding too much grease may cause the grease temperature to rise or force the grease to leak into the motor.



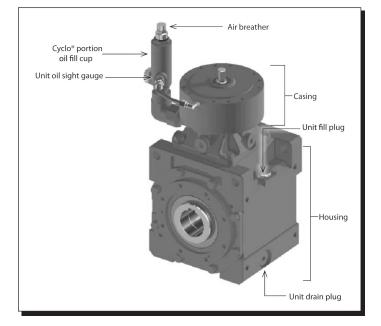
- Consider implementing a lube analysis program to ensure lubricant continues to operate at peak performance.
- Follow your lubrication providers analysis recommendations to ensure reducer performance.
- Always consult factory and warehouses for overhaul of gearmotors and reducers. Experience is necessary for proper overhaul.

# Y2 Oil Fill & Drain Procedures

**Oil Fill Process** 

# **Affected Unit Sizes**

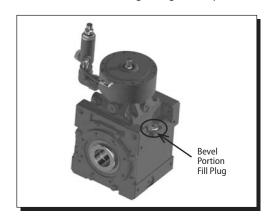
This document is intended for all Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Bevel Buddybox<sup>®</sup> (BBB) 4 series units built in the Y2 mounting (motor up) configuration. Images contained within the document show a single reduction input stage, however the process remains the same for double and triple reduction product offerings.



## **Oil Fill Process**

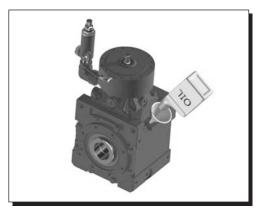
### CAUTIONARY NOTE:

- Use only those lubricating oils approved by Sumitomo Drive Technologies for use in the Cyclo® Bevel Buddybox®.
- Use the appropriate grade of lubricating oil based on ambient operating conditions of the application.
- Refer to the Sumitomo product catalog and/or Operating & Maintenance manual for a list of Sumitomo approved lubricating oils.
  Prior to beginning the fill process, ensure the Unit Drain Plug is in place and adequately tightened.



### 1

Identify the bevel portion oil fill plug on the bevel gear housing. Carefully remove the plug and put aside for reinsertion after oil fill is complete.



### 2

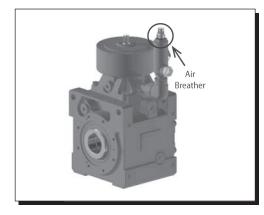
Fill the bevel portion with the appropriate type and grade of oil.

The bevel portion is considered full when the oil level reaches the oil fill port.

Once fill is complete, re-install and tighten the oil plug into the fill port

# Y2 Oil Fill & Drain Procedures, continued

### **Oil Fill Process**



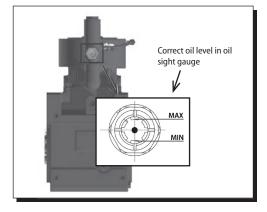
## 3

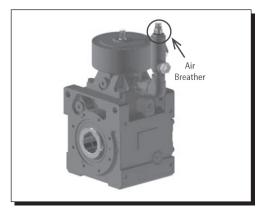
Carefully remove the unit Air Breather assembly and put aside for reinsertion after oil fill process is complete.

### 4

Slowly fill the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> (input) portion with the correct type and grade of oil as used in STEP #2 of this process.

**NOTE:** The oil fill cup may immediately become full during the process. In such an event, stop the fill process and allow the oil to drain from the cup into the reducer.





## 5

The input portion is considered full when the oil level stabilizes in the middle of the oil sight gauge.



Check gauge carefully. Oil film from fill procedure can distort view.

Be sure to check the oil level after a few minutes of operation. Stop equipment and check gauge as shown in step 5. Adjust oil level as required.

### 6

Once the input portion of the unit is filled to the correct level with lubricant, carefully reinsert the air breather assembly into the oil fill cup.

# Y2 Oil Fill & Drain Procedures, continued

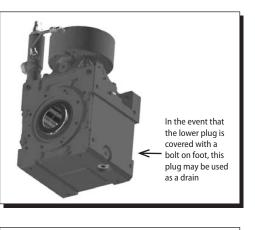
**Oil Drain Process** 

## **Oil Drain Process**

CAUTIONARY NOTE:



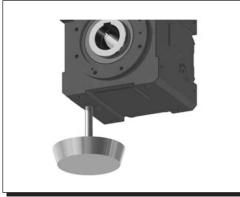
Exercise extreme caution when draining the lubricating oil from the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Bevel Buddybox<sup>®</sup> as it may be hot.
Follow all corporate, local, state and federal government regulations in disposing of the used lubricating oil.



### 1

Identify the bevel portion oil drain plug on the bevel gear housing.

Carefully remove the plug and put aside for reinsertion after oil fill is complete.



### 2

Carefully remove the unit air breather assembly and put aside for reinsertion after oil fill process is complete.

Allow used oil to freely flow into an approved lubricant container.

Once the unit is completely drained of oil, reinstall the drain plug and tighten.

Refer to torque tightening values in Table 32.

#### Table 32. Plug sizes and tightening torque values

Plug Sizes				Torque Value	
Unit Size	Housing	Casing	Size	lb-in	N∙m
4A	1/2	1/2	1/2	13.1	17.8
4B	1/2	1/2	3/4	22.1	30.0
4C	3/4	1/2	1	30.4	41.2
4D	3/4	1/2			
4E	3/4	1/2	]		
4F	3/4	1/2			

# Y2 Oil Fill & Drain Procedures, continued

**Oil Drain Process** 

### Table 33. BBB4 Y2 Single Reduction Oil Quantity\*

Bevel Gear Unit Size	Y2 Configuration Oil Quantity			
	gallon	liter		
4A10	0.84	3.17		
4A11	0.86	3.26		
4A12	0.88	3.35		
4A14	1.00	3.77		
4B12	1.72	6.50		
4B14	1.84	6.97		
4B16	2.01	7.61		
4C14	2.93	11.1		
4C16	3.12	11.8		

Bevel Gear Unit Size	Y2 Configuration Oil Quantity			
Bevel Gear Unit Size	gallon	liter		
4C17	3.30	12.5		
4D16	5.26	19.9		
4D17	5.42	20.5		
4D18	5.55	21.0		
4E17	7.61	28.8		
4E18	7.69	29.1		
4E19	8.03	30.4		
4F18	10.41	39.4		
4F19	10.73	40.6		

### Table 34. BBB4 Y2 Double Reduction Oil Quantity\*

Bevel Gear Unit Size	Y2 Configuration Oil Quantity			
	gallon	liter		
4A10DA	0.85	3.2		
4A12DA	0.89	3.38		
4A12DB	0.91	3.43		
4B12DA	1.73	6.53		
4B12DB	1.74	6.57		
4B14DA	1.85	7.00		
4B14DB	1.86	7.04		
4C14DA	2.96	11.2		
4C14DB	2.96	11.2		
4C14DC	2.99	11.3		

Y2 Configuration Oil Quantity **Bevel Gear Unit Size** gallon liter 4C16DA 3.12 11.8 4C16DB 3.14 11.9 4C17DA 3.33 12.6 4D16DA 5.28 20.0 4D16DB 5.28 20.0 4D17DB 5.44 20.6 4D17DC 5.47 20.7 4E17DA 7.61 28.8 28.9 4E17DB 7.63 7.66 29.0 4E17DC

\* All oil quantities are estimates

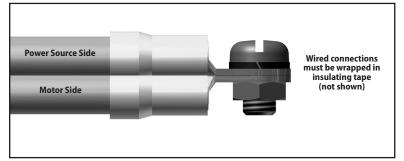
# **Motor Wiring**

**Motor Wiring** 

### **Wiring Guidelines**

This section details wiring for standard Sumitomo three-phase motors and brakemotors. If using a motor manufactured by a company other than Sumitomo, please refer to that manufacturer's instruction manual for wiring, operating and maintenance details. When wiring motors into the power supply, Sumitomo recommends the use of terminal rings to facilitate the connection:

### **Figure 3. Terminal Ring Wiring Connection**



- Do not handle the unit when cables are live. Be sure to turn-off the power; otherwise electric shock may result.
- Connect the power cables to the unit according to the connection diagram shown inside the terminal box or in the maintenance manual; otherwise electric shock or fire may result.
- Correctly ground the grounding bolt; otherwise electric shock may result.
- Keep all wiring and electrical parts dry and moisture free.
- Follow local electrical codes and regulations when wiring; otherwise burning, electrical shock, injury and/or fire may result.
- The motor is not equipped with an overload device. Sumitomo strongly recommends that another protective device (i.e.: ground fault interrupters, etc.), in addition to an overload device, be installed in order to prevent burning, electric shock, personal injury and/or fire.
- For single phase motors, exercise caution so as to not damage the vinyl cover of the starting capacitor, otherwise shock may result.
- For brakemotors, do not electrify a brake coil continuously when the motor is stopped otherwise the brake coil may burn and fire may result.



- For brakemotors, install the rectifier where the temperature is less than 140°F (60°C)
- Long wires cause the voltage to drop. Select cables with appropriate diameter so that the voltage drop will be less than 2%.
  - After wiring the motor, check that the terminal box mounting bolts are tight.

### **Measuring Insulation Resistance**

When measuring insulation resistance, disconnect the motor from the control panel. Check the motor separately.



Never touch the terminals when measuring insulation resistance otherwise electrical shock may occur.

Measure the insulation resistance before wiring. Insulation resistance varies according to the motor voltage, insulation type, coil temperature, humidity, length of operation, test electrification time, etc.

Under most conditions, the insulation resistance exceeds the value shown in this table:

#### Table 35. Insulation Resistance

Mega-Ohm	Insulation Resistance	
500V	1M (Ω)	

A drop in resistance may be attributed to poor insulation. In such case, do not turn on the power. Contact the nearest Sumitomo representative, distributor, or sales office.

## Motor Wiring, continued

**Motor Protection, Motor Wiring Method** 

## **Motor Protection**



- Use a molded case circuit breaker for protection against short circuit.
- Use an overload protection device that protects the unit against voltage surges.

## U.S. Standard Motors Motor Wiring Method



• For additional information please refer to the motor name plate.

- Due to changes in design features, this diagram may not always agree with that on the motor.
- In such cases, connection diagram found inside the conduit box of the motor should be used.

### 1

Based on motor power, determine if motor is **WYE** or **DELTA** type

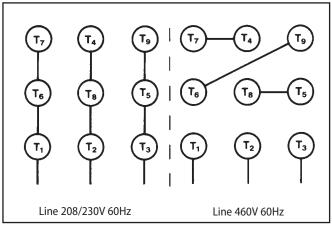
### 2

Wire the motor to the power source using the correct connection type:

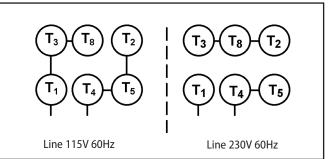
# Table 36. Typical 230/460V, Three-Phase Wiring Configuration by Motor Type

-						
Motor	Standa	Standard		lotor	EP.NA-Motor	
HP ( <i>kW</i> ) x P	Non CSA	CSA	Non CSA	CSA	UL/CSA/CE	
1/8 <i>(0.1)</i> x 4						
1/4 <i>(0.2)</i> x 4						
1/3 <i>(0.25)</i> x 4						
1/2 <i>(0.4)</i> x 4						
3/4 <i>(0.55)</i> x 4	WYE	WYE	WYE	WYE		
1 <i>(0.75)</i> x 4	VVIC			VVYE		
1.5 <i>(1.1)</i> x 4						
2 <i>(1.5)</i> x 4					WYE	
3 <i>(2.2)</i> x 4						
5 <i>(3.7)</i> x 4						
7.5 <i>(5.5)</i> x 4						
10 <i>(7.5)</i> x 4						
15 <i>(11)</i> x 4			DELTA			
20 <i>(15)</i> x 4		DELTA		DELTA		
25 <i>(18.5)</i> x 4	DELTA	DELIA		DELIA	DELTA	
30 <i>(22)</i> x 4	DELIA				DELIA	
40 <i>(30)</i> x 4						
50 <i>(37)</i> x 4						
60 <i>(60)</i> x 4			_			
75 <i>(56)</i> x 4						

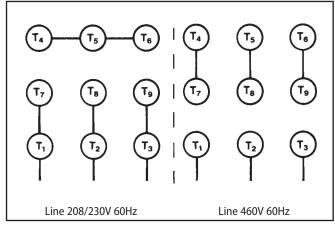
### Figure 5. Three-Phase DELTA connection Motor



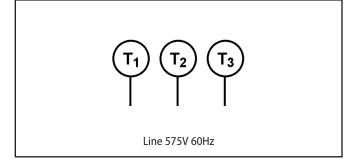




### Figure 4. Three-Phase WYE Connection Motor



### Figure 6. Three-Phase Motor, 575V, 60Hz



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Sumitomo Drive Technologies Cyclo® BBB4

Motor Wiring Method, Brake Wiring

## **CE Motors**

Table 37. Typical 220/380V, Three-Phase Wiring
Configuration by Motor Type

Motor HP ( <i>kW</i> ) x P	Voltage Configuration	Wiring Configuration	
1/8 (0.1) x 4			
1/4 <i>(0.2)</i> x 4			
1/3 (0.25) x 4	-		1
1/2 <i>(0.4)</i> x 4			
3/4 (0.55) x 4	220/380V, 50Hz		Ba
1 <i>(0.75)</i> x 4	Three Phase	DELTA-WYE	2
1.5 (1.1) x 4			
2 (1.5) x 4			W
3 (2.2) x 4	-		Fi
4 (3.0) x 4			C
5 <i>(3.7)</i> x 4			
7.5 <i>(5.5)</i> x 4			
10 <i>(7.5)</i> x 4			6
15 <i>(11)</i> x 4		WYE-Start	
20 <i>(15)</i> x 4	380V, 50Hz	DELTA-Run	
25 (18.5) x 4	Three Phase	DELIA-RUII	
30 (22) x 4	-		
40 <i>(30)</i> x 4	-		

### **Motor Wiring Method**

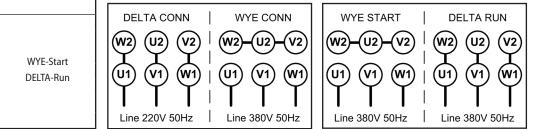
- For additional information please refer to the motor name plate.
- Due to changes in design features, this diagram may not always agree with that on the motor.
- In such cases, connection diagram found inside the conduit box of the motor should be used.

ased on motor power, determine if motor is **WYE** or **DELTA** type.

Wire the motor to the power source using the correct connection type:

# Figure 8. DELTA-WYE Connection Motor

### Figure 9. WYE-DELTA Start Connection Motor



# **Brake Wiring**

# **Varistor Selection**

For wiring of Fast Brake Action, Sumitomo recommends the use of a Varistor (VR). Refer to Table 38 to assist in the selection of the appropriately sized Varistor.

### **Table 38. Varistor Specifications Table**

Operating Voltage		190 - 230V	380-460V	575V
	Varistor Rated Voltage		AC510V	AC604V
	Varistor Voltage		820V	1000V
Rated Watts	FB01A, 02A	Over 0.4W	Over 0.4W	Over 0.4W
	FB-05A	Over 0.4W	Over 0.4W	Over 0.4W
	FB-1D, 1E	Over 0.6W	Over 0.6W	Over 0.6W
	FB-2D, 3D, 1HE, 2E, 3E	Over 1.5W	Over 1.5W	Over 1.5W
	FB-5B, 8B, 5E, 8E	Over 1.5W	Over 1.5W	Over 1.5W
	FB10B, 15B, 10B1, 15B1,	Over 1.5W	Over 1.5W	Over 1.5W
	10E, 15E	Over 1.5W	Over 1.5W	Over 1.5W
	FB-20, 30			Over 1.5W

**U.S. Standard and CSA Approved Motor Brake Wiring** 

## **U.S. Standard and CSA Approved Motor Brake Wiring**

The brake portion (if supplied) of the motor may be wired using one of the following methods

# Models FB-01A through FB-15B/FB-15E

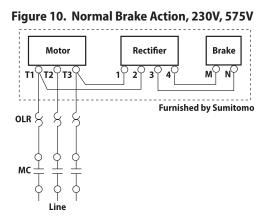
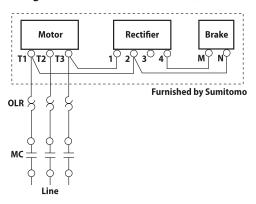


Figure 12. Normal Brake Action, 460V



MC: Electromagnetic Relay

MCB: Magnetic Circuit Breaker

OLR: Overload or Thermal Relay

VR: Varistor (protective device)<sup>[1]</sup>

Note: [1] Refer to Varistor Specifications Table

### Figure 11. Fast Brake Action, 230V

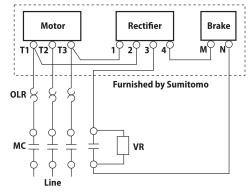
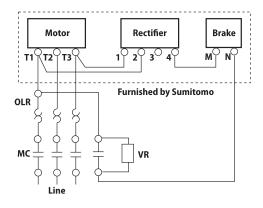


Figure 13. Fast Brake Action, 460V, 575V

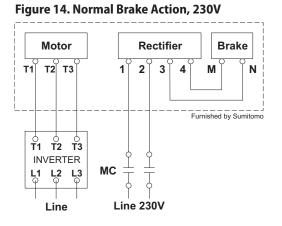


U.S. Standard and CSA Approved Motor Brake Wiring

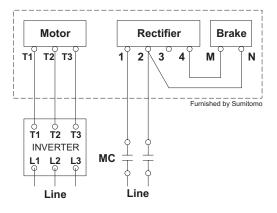
### **U.S. Standard and CSA Approved Motor Brake Wiring**

The brake portion (if supplied) of the motor may be wired using one of the following methods

## Models FB-01A through FB-15B/FB-15E with Inverter

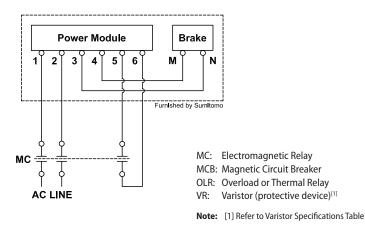


#### Figure 16. Normal Brake Action, 460V, 575V Brake

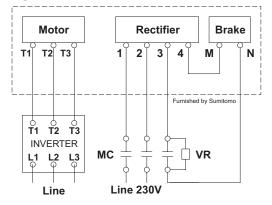


### Models FB-20 / FB-30

#### Figure 18. FB-20 and FB-30 Brake Wiring, 480VAC or less



#### Figure 15. Fast Brake Action, 230V Brake



#### Figure 17. Fast Brake Action, 460V, 575V Brake

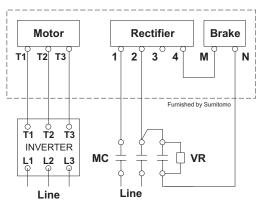
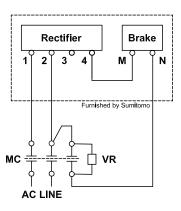


Figure 19. FB-20 and FB-30 Brake Wiring, 575VAC



**CE Motor Brake Wiring** 

# CE Motor Brake Wiring Models FB-01A through FB-5B/FB-5E, 220/380V, 50Hz

### Figure 20. Normal Brake Action, 220V Motor 220V Brake

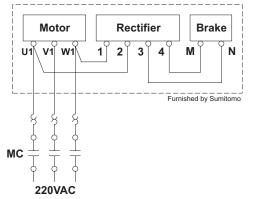
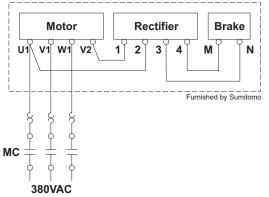
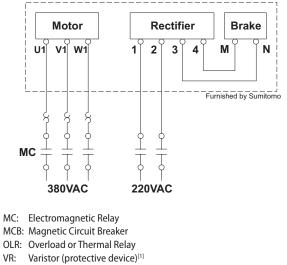


Figure 22. Normal Brake Action, 380V Motor, 220V Brake, Tapped



### Figure 24. Normal Brake Action, 380V Motor, 220V Brake, Separated



Note: [1] Refer to Varistor Specifications Table

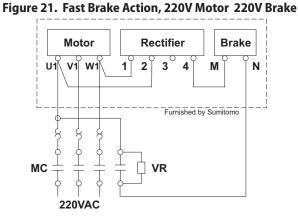
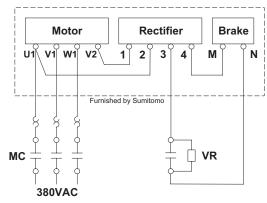
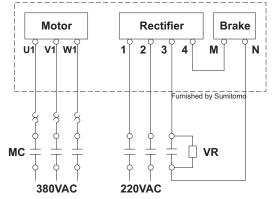


Figure 23. Fast Brake Action, 380V Motor, 220V Brake, Tapped





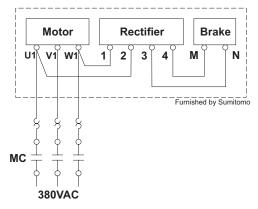


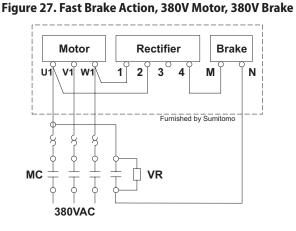
### Motor Wiring, continued

**CE Motor Brake Wiring** 

### Models FB-8B/FB-8E through FB-15B/FB-5E

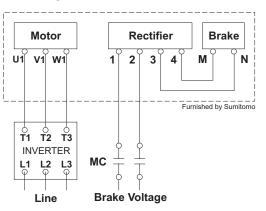
Figure 26. Normal Brake Action, 380V Motor, 380V Brake



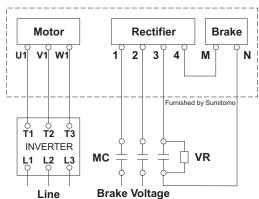


## **CE Motors Models FB-01A through FB-15B/FB-15E with Inverter**

Figure 28. Normal Brake Action



### Figure 29. Fast Brake Action



## **CE Motor Brake Wiring**

### Models FB-20 / FB-30

Figure 30. FB-20 and FB-30 Brake Wiring, 480VAC or less

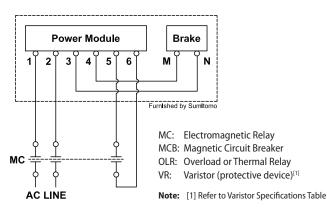


Table 26. Standard CE Motor, Motor / Brake Voltage Table

HP <i>(kW)</i> x P	Brake Model	Brake Voltage	
1/8 <i>(0.1)</i> x 4	FB-01A		
1/4 <i>(0.2)</i> x 4	ED 024		
1/3 <i>(0.25)</i> x 4	FB-02A		
1/2 <i>(0.4)</i> x 4	FB-05A		
3/4 <i>(0.55)</i> x 4	FB-1D/FB-1E		
1 <i>(0.75)</i> x 4	FD-ID/FD-IE	220/380V, 50Hz	220V, 50Hz
1.5 <i>(1.1)</i> x 4	FB-2D/FB-1HE/FB-2E		
2 <i>(1.5)</i> x 4	FD-2D/FD-INE/FD-2E		
3 <i>(2.2)</i> x 4	FB-3D/FB-3E		
4 <i>(</i> 3 <i>)</i> x 4	FB-5B/FB-4E/FB-5E		
5 <i>(3.7)</i> x 4	FD-3D/FD-4E/FD-3E		
7.5 <i>(5.5)</i> x 4	FB-8B/FB-8E	B/FB-8E	
10 <i>(7.5)</i> x 4	FB-10B/FB-10E	380V, 50Hz	380V, 50Hz
15 <i>(11)</i> x 4	FB-15B/FB-15E		

**Brake Rectifiers and Power Modules** 

## **Brake Rectifiers and Power Modules**

	Motor	230V/460	V Rectifier	575V R	ectifier		
Brake Type	HP ( <i>kW</i> ) x P	Model Number	Part Number	Model Number	Part Number		
FB-01A	1/8 (0.1) x 4						
FB-02A	1/4 (0.2) x 4 1/3 (0.25) x 4						
FB-05A	1/2 (0.4) x 4						
FB-1D, 1E	3/4 (0.55) x 4 1 (0.75) x 4						
FB-2D, 1HE, 2E	1.5 (1.1) x 4 2 (1.5) x 4	25FW-4FB3	EW107WW-01		EW104WW-01		
FB-3D, 3E	3 (2.2) x 4						
FB-5B,5E	5 <i>(3.7)</i> x 4			10F-6FB3			
FB-8B, 8E	7.5 <i>(5.5)</i> x 4						
FB-10B, 10B1, 10E	10 <i>(7.5)</i> x 4						
FB-15B, 15B1, 15E	15 <i>(11)</i> x 4						
FB-20	20 <i>(15)</i> x 4						
FB-30	25 (18.5) x 4 30 (22) x 4 40 (30) x 4						

### Table 40. Standard Brake Rectifiers

#### Table 41. Brake Rectifiers for CE Motors

Ducks Trues	Motor	220V R	ectifier	380V Rectifier			
Brake Type	HP ( <i>kW</i> ) x P	Model Number	Part Number	Model Number	Part Number		
FB-01A	1/8 <i>(0.1)</i> x 4						
FB-02A	1/4 (0.2) x 4 1/3 (0.25) x 4						
FB-05A	1/2 <i>(0.4)</i> x 4						
FB-1D, 1E	3/4 (0.55) x 4 1 (0.75) x 4	10F-2FB2	MP983WW-01	Consult Factory	Consult Factory		
FB-2D, 1HE, 2E	1.5 (1.1) x 4 2 (1.5) x 4			Tuctory			
FB-3D, 3E	3 <i>(2.2)</i> x 4						
FB-5B, 4E, 5E	4 (3.0) x 4 5 (3.7) x 4						
FB-8B, 8E	7.5 <i>(5.5)</i> x 4			05F-4FB2	MP985WW-01		
FB-10B, 10B1, 10E	10 <i>(7.5)</i> x 4	Consult Factory	Consult Factory	15F-4FB1	EW/207W/W/ 01		
FB-15B, 15B1, 15E	15 <i>(11)</i> x 4		ractory		EW397WW-01		

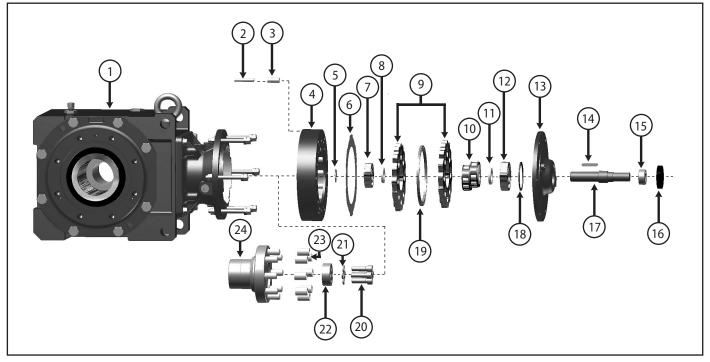
#### **Table 42. Brake Power Modules**

Duelte True e	Motor	170 ~ 300V	/AC Module	380 ~ 480VAC Module			
Brake Type	HP ( <i>kW</i> ) x P	Model Number	Part Number	Model Number	Part Number		
FB-20	20 <i>(15)</i> x 4	13SR-2					
FB-30	25 (18.5) x 4 30 (22) x 4 40 (30) x 4		ES075WW-01	10SR-4	MQ003WW-01		

# Parts

Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 Reducer

### Figure 31. Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 Reducer Parts



Number	Description
1	BBB4 Gear Assembly
2	Cyclo® Ring Gear Housing Pins
3	Cyclo <sup>®</sup> Ring Gear Housing Rollers
4	Cyclo® Ring Gear Housing
5	Snap Ring
6	Gasket Set
7	High Speed Shaft A Bearing
8	Spacer
9	Cycloid Discs
10	Cyclo® Eccentric Cam Assembly
11	Spacer
12	High Speed Shaft B Bearing

Number	Description
13	Cyclo <sup>®</sup> High-Speed End Shield
14	Eccentric Key
15	High Speed Shaft Oil Seal Collar
16	High Speed Shaft Oil Seal
17	High Speed Shaft
18	Snap Ring
19	Cycloid Disc Spacer
20	Retaining Bolts
21	Lock Washers
22	End Plate
23	Pin Carrier Rollers
24	Pin Carrier

Cyclo® Planetary Reduction Component Parts

# Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Planetary Reduction Component Parts (Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Ratios 11 - 18:1)

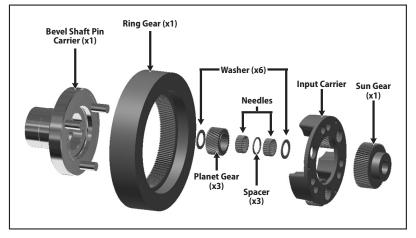


Figure 32. Cyclo® Planetary Reduction Component

### Table 44. Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Planetary Reduction Component Part Numbers (Ratios 11 - 18:1)

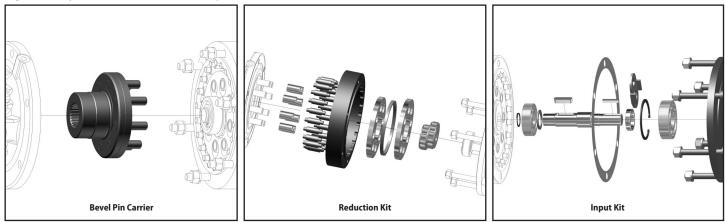
	Reduction <b>R</b>	latio (nominal)			Cycl	o® Planetar	y Reduction	Part Numbe	rs			
Unit Size	Overall	Cyclo® Planetary	Reduction Block Set (gears & bearings)	Planet Gear	Ring Gear	Sun Gear	Needles	Spacer	Washer	Input Carrier	Bevel Shaft Pin Carrier	
4A100	11	3:1	931SD610-003G	AN8911G	AN8303G	AN8910G						
4A100 4A105	13, 14	4:1	931SD610-004G	AN8870G	AN8871G	AN8869G	-	AW5434G	-	-	BL515LG	
	16, 18	5:1	931SD610-005G	AN8305G	AN8306G	AN8304G						
44120 44125	11	3:1	931BB612-003G	AP8712G	CJ584LG	AP8711G					C17011 C ((	
4A120, 4A125 4B120, 4B125	13, 14	4:1	931BB612-004G	AP8706G	CJ554LG	AP8705G	AX2806G-3	AX2543G	AX2761G	CJ244LG	CJ701LG (for 4A) CJ703LG (for 4B)	
40120, 40125	16, 18	5:1	931BB612-005G	AP8714G	CJ585LG	AP8713G						
4A140, 4A145	11	3:1	931BB614-003G	AP8717G	CJ586LG	AP8716G					CJ702LG (for 4A)	
4B140, 4B145	13, 14	4:1	931BB614-004G	AP8708G	CJ555LG	AP8707G	AX2807G-3	AX2763G	AX2544G	CJ588LG	CJ704LG (for 4B)	
4C140, 4C145	16, 18	5:1	931BB614-005G	AP8719G	CJ587LG	AP8718G	]				CJ706LG (for 4C)	
	11	3:1	931BB616-003G	AP8721G	CJ589LG	AP8720G					CJ705LG (for 4B) CJ707LG (for 4C)	
4B160, 4B165 4C160, 4C165	13, 14	4:1	931BB616-004G	AP8710G	CJ556LG	AP8709G	AX2808G-3	AX2555G	AX2554G	CJ591LG		
40100, 40105	16, 18	5:1	931BB616-005G	AP8726G	CJ590LG	AP8722G	1				CJ707LG (101 4C)	
4C170, 4C175	11	3:1	931BB617-003G	AP9278G	CJ993LG	AP9277G						
4D170, 4D175	13, 14	4:1	931BB617-004G	AP9280G	CJ994LG	AP9279G	AX3077G-3	AX3061G	AX3060G	CJ996LG	CJ938LG (for 4C) CK009LG (for 4D, 4E)	
4E170, 4E175	16, 18	5:1	931BB617-005G	AP9282G	CJ995LG	AP9281G	1				CR009LG (101 4D, 4E)	
	11	3:1	931BB618-003G	AP9285G		AP9284G					CK001LG	CJ961LG (for 4D, 4E) CJ965LG (for 4F)
4D180, 4D185 4E180, 4E185 4F180, 4F185	13, 14	4:1	931BB618-004G	AP9287G	CJ997LG	AP9286G	AX3077G-3	AX3061G	AX3060G	CK002LG	CJ960LG (for 4D, 4E) CJ966LG (for 4F)	
	16, 18	5:1	931BB618-005G	AP9289G		AP9288G				CK003LG	CJ959LG (for 4D, 4E) CJ967LG (for 4F)	
	11	3:1	931BB619-003G	AP9292G		AP9291G				CK007LG	CJ962LG (for 4E) CJ968LG (for 4F)	
4E190, 4E195 4F190, 4F195	13, 14	4:1	931BB619-004G	AP9294G	CK004LG	AP9293G	AX3077G-3	AX3061G	AX3060G	CK006LG	CJ963LG (for 4E) CJ969LG (for 4F)	
	16, 18	5:1	931BB619-005G	AP9296G		AP9295G				CK008LG	CJ964LG (for 4E) CJ970LG (for 4F)	

Parts, continued

**Cyclo® Reduction Component Parts** 

# Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 Reduction Component Part Numbers (Ratios≥ 19:1)

### Figure 34. Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 Reduction Components - 4A100 thru 4F195



#### Table 45. Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 Reduction Component Part Numbers (Ratios ≥ 19:1)

	Reduction	on Ratio		Part Numbers	5		Reducti	on Ratio		Part Numbers	;
Unit Size	Overall	Cyclo®	Input Kit	Reduction Kit	Bevel Pin Carrier	Unit Size	Overall	Cyclo®	Input Kit	Reduction Kit	Bevel Pin Carrier
	19, 21	6		D78675			19, 21	6		D78520	
	22, 25	7	]	See Note [1]			22, 25	7		See Note [1]	
	26, 28	8	]	D78676			26, 28	8		D78521	
	35, 39	11		D78677			35, 39	11		D78522	
	42, 46	13		D78678			42, 46	13		D78523	
	48, 53	15	]	D78679			48, 53	15		D78524	j l
	54, 60	17	]	D78680	31 32		54, 60	17		D78525	
	67, 74	21	]	D78681			67, 74	21		D78526	
4A100	80, 88	25	]	D78682		4A110	80, 88	25		D78527	
	93, 102	29	D78622	D78683			93, 102	29	D78504	D78528	CJ690LG
4A105	112, 123	35	]	D78684		4A115	112, 123	35		D78529	
	138, 151	43		D78685			138, 151	43		D78530	
	163, 179	51	]	D78686			163, 179	51		D78531	
	189, 207	59	]	D78687			189, 207	59		D78532	
	227, 249	71		D78688			227, 249	71		D78533	
	278, 305	89	]	D78689	See Note [1]		278, 305	87		D78534	
	364	104	]	See Note [1]			364	104		See Note [1]	
	364, 417	119	]	See Note [1]			364, 417	119		See Note [1]	
	≥ 424	≥ 121	]	See Note [1]			<u>≥</u> 424	≥ 121		See Note [1]	

Note: [1] Consult Factory

# Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Reduction Component Parts

### Table 46. Cyclo® BBB4 Reduction Components Part Numbers (Ratios >19:1), continued

	Reduction	n Ratio		Part Nu	umbers				Redu	ction Ratio			Part Nur	nbers	
Unit			Income	Deduction	4A12	4B12		Unit			1	Durland	. 4A1	4 4B1	4 4C14
Size	Overall	Cyclo®	Input Kit	Reduction Kit	<b>Bevel Pin</b>	<b>Bevel Pin</b>		Size	Overa	all Cyclo®	Input Kit	Reduct	Dovo	Pin Bevel	Pin Bevel Pin
			- KIL	- KIL	Carrier	Carrier					, KIL		Carri	er Carri	er Carrier
	19, 21	6		D78690					19, 2			D7853			
	22, 25	7		See Note [1]					22, 2			See Not			
	26, 28	8		D78691					26, 2		-	D785			
	35, 39 42, 46	11		D78692 D78693					35, 3		-	D7853			
	48, 53	15		D78694				4A140	48, 5		-	D785			
44120	54,60	17		D78695					54,6		1	D7854			
4A120	67,74	21		D78696				4A145	67,7			D7854			
4A125	80, 88	25		D78697				4B140	80, 8			D7854			
4B120	93, 102	29	D78623	D78698	CJ691LG	CJ693LG		4B145	93, 10		D78623			LG CJ694	LG CJ696LG
4B125	112, 123 138, 151	35 43		D78699 D78700				4C140	112, 1		-	D7854			
	163, 179	51		D78700				4C145	163, 1		-	D7854			
	189, 207	59		D78702					189, 2		-	D7854			
	227, 249	71		D78703					227, 2			D7854			
	278, 305	89		D78704					278, 3			D7854			
	364	104		See Note [1]					364		_	See Not			
	364, 417	119		See Note [1] See Note [1]					364, 4		-	See Not See Not			
	<u>≥</u> 424	<u>&gt; 121</u>						_	<u>≥ 42</u>	· —		See Not			
	Reduction	Ratio		Pa	art Numbe		1			Reduction	n Ratio		Part	Numbers	
Unit Size			Input	Reduction	4B16	4C16	4D		Unit			Input	Reduction	4C17	4D17, 4E17
	Overall	Cyclo®	Kit	Kit	Bevel Pin	Bevel Pin		el Pin	Size	Overall	Cyclo®	Kit	Kit	Bevel Pir	
	10.21			D70720	Carrier	Carrier	Car	rier		10.21			D70725	Carrier	Carrier
	19, 21 22, 25	6 7		D78720 See Note <sup>[1]</sup>						19, 21 22, 25	6 7		D78735 See Note <sup>[1]</sup>	-	
	26, 28	8		D78721						26, 28	8		D78794	-	
	35, 39	11		D78722						35, 39	11		D78736	1	
	42, 46	13		D78723						42, 46	13		D78737	]	
4B160	48, 53	15		D78724					40170	48, 53	15		D78738	_	
4B165	54,60	17		D78725					4C170	54,60	17		D78739	-	
4C160	67, 74 80, 88	21 25		D78726 D78727					4C175	67, 74 80, 88	21 25		D78740 D78741	-	
4C165	93, 102	23	D78625	D78727	CJ695LG	CJ697LG	C 169	99LG	4D170	93, 102	23	D78626	D78741	CJ698LG	CJ700LG
4D160	112, 123	35	070025	D78729	CJUJJEC	0,00,7,20			4D175	112, 123	35	070020	D78743		C, OOLG
	138, 151	43		D78730					4E170	138, 151	43		D78744		
4D165	163, 179	51		D78731					4E175	163, 179	51		D78745		
	189, 207	59		D78732						189, 207	59		D78746	-	
	227, 249	71		D78733						227, 249	71		D78747	-	
	278, 305 364	89 104		D78734 See Note <sup>[1]</sup>						278, 305 364	89 104		D78748 See Note <sup>[1]</sup>	-	
	364, 417	119		See Note [1]						364, 417	119		See Note [1]	-	
	<u>≥</u> 424	<u>≥</u> 121		See Note [1]						<u>≥</u> 424	≥ 121		See Note [1]		
	Reduction	Ratio		P	art Numbe	rs				Reductio	n Ratio	Î	Part	Numbers	
					4D18	4E18	4F	18	Unit					4E19	4F19
Unit Size	Overall	Cyclo <sup>®</sup>	Input	Reduction		<b>Bevel Pin</b>	Beve		Size	Overall	Cyclo <sup>®</sup>	Input	Reduction	Bevel Pi	
			Kit	Kit	Carrier	Carrier	Car					Kit	Kit	Carrier	
	19, 21	6		See Note [1]						19, 21	6		See Note [1]		
	22, 25	7		See Note [1]	CJ65	55LG	CJ65	7LG		22, 25	7		See Note [1]		
	26, 28	8		See Note [1]						26, 28	8		See Note [1]	_	
	35, 39 42, 46	11 13		D78749 D78750						35, 39 42, 46	11 13	-	D78763 D78763	-	
4D180	42,40	15		D78751						42,40	15	1	D78764	-	
4D185	54,60	17		D78752					4E190	54, 60	17	ĺ	D78765	1	
4E180	67,74	21	D78627	D78753					4E195	67, 74	21	D78628	D78766	CJ956LG	CJ931LG
4E185	80, 88	25	0/002/	D78754					4F190	80, 88	25	0/0020	D78767		
4F180	93, 102	29		D78755	CK0	12LG	CK01	6LG	4F195	93, 102	29		D78768	4	
4F185	112, 123	35		D78756						112, 123	35	{	D78769	-	
	138, 151 163, 179	43 51		D78757 D78758						138, 151 163, 179	43 51	-	D78770 D78771	-	
	189, 207	59		D78759						183, 179	59	1	D78772	-	
	227, 249	71		D78760						227, 249	71	1	D78773	1	
	278, 305	87		D78761						278, 305	87	1	D78774		
N-A [1] C	sult Factory														

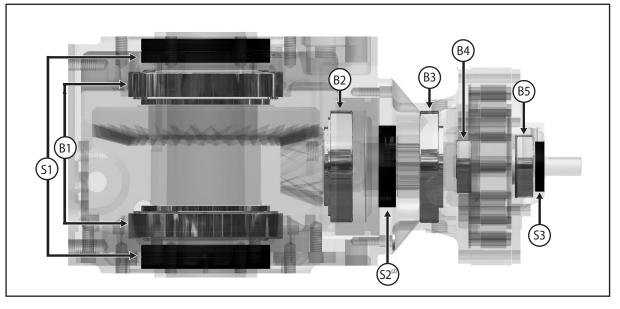
Note: [1] Consult Factory

**52** Operation & Maintenance Manual

**Bearings and Oil Seals** 

## **Bearings and Oil Seals**

Figure 34. Cyclo® BBB4 Bearings and Oil Seals



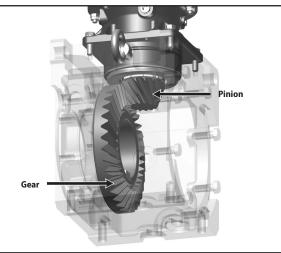
			Bearings				Oil Seals <sup>[1]</sup>	
Unit Size	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	S1 <sup>[2]</sup>	<b>S2</b> <sup>[3]</sup>	\$3
4A100 4A105 4A110 4A115	32017	22200	32011	6302RSH2	6302Z	D	S	S 20 x 35 x 7
4A120 4A125	32017	32308	32013	6304	6305Z	85 x 110 x 13	50 x 68 x 9	D 32 x 52 x 8
4A140 4A145			30215	6305R	6306			D 38 x 58 x 11
4B120 4B125			32013	6304	6305Z		c.	D 32 x 52 x 8
4B140 4B145	32020	32310	30215	6305R	6306	D 100 x 125 x 13	S 60 x 75 x 9	D 38 x 58 x 11
4B160 4B165			30217	6307R	6308			D 55 x 78 x 12
4C140 4C145			30215	6305R	6306		C C	D 38 x 58 x 11
4C160 4C165	32024	32312	30217	6307R	6308	D 120 x 150 x 14	S 70 x 95 x 13	D 55 x 78 x 12
4C170 4C175			30220	6406	6407			D 60 x 82 x 12
4D160 4D165			30217	6307R	6308		c.	D 55 x 78 x 12
4D170 4D175	32028	32314	30220	6406	6407	D 140 x 170 x 14	S 90 x 115 x 13	D 62 x 82 x 12
4D180 4D185			30222	6407	6409			D 65 x 88 x 12
4E170 4E175			30220	6406	6407			D 62 x 82 x 12
4E180 4E185	32032	32315	30222	6407	6409	D 160 x 190 x 16	S 90 x 115 x 13	D 65 x 88 x 12
4E190 4E195			30226	6408	6411			S 70 x 88 x 10
4F180 4F185	32036	32319	30226	6407	6409	D	S	D 65 x 88 x 12
4F190 4F195	32030	32319	30230	6408	6411	180 x 210 x 16	140 x 170 x 14	S 70 x 88 x 10

Notes: [1] D = Double Lip Seal. S = Single Lip Seal. Seal Dimensions are in mm. [2] A total of 4 seals are needed - two on top and two on bottom [3] for "Y4" assembly and grease lubricated units only

### **Bevel Gearing Parts and Tooth Count**

### **Bevel Gearing Parts and Tooth Count**

Bevel gear and pinions are sold in sets only. Individual components are not available for purchase. The information below regarding tooth count of the bevel gearset is provided for vibration analysis purposes.



### Figure 35. Cyclo® BBB4 Bevel Gearing Tooth Count

#### Table 48. Cvclo® BBB4 Ratios

Cyclo <sup>®</sup> BBB4	Bevel	Cyclo®	Cyclo® BBB4	Bevel	Cyclo <sup>®</sup>
Nominal Ratio	Ratio	Input Ratio	Nominal Rati		Input Ratio
11	3.5	3[1]	80	3.2	25
13	3.2	4[1]	88	3.5	25
14	3.5	4[1]	93	3.2	29
16	3.2	5[1]	102	3.5	29
18	3.5	5[1]	112	3.2	35
19	3.2	6	123	3.5	35
21	3.5	6	138	3.2	43
22	3.2	7	151	3.5	43
25	3.5	7	163	3.2	51
26	3.2	8	179	3.5	51
28	3.5	8	189	3.2	59
35	3.2	11	207	3.5	59
39	3.5	11	227	3.2	71
42	3.2	13	249	3.5	71
46	3.5	13	278	3.2	87
48	3.2	15	305	3.5	87
53	3.5	15	364	3.5	104
54	3.2	17	417	3.5	119
60	3.5	17	424	3.5	121
67	3.2	21	501	3.5	143
74	3.5	21	578	3.5	165
[1] Planetary Input			683	3.5	195

Cyclo® BBB4	Bevel	Cyclo®
Nominal Ratio	Ratio	Input Ratio
809	3.5	231
956	3.5	273
1117	3.5	319
1320	3.5	377
1656	3.5	473
1957	3.5	559
2272	3.5	649
2559	3.5	731
2944	3.5	841
3511	3.5	1003
4365	3.5	1247
5177	3.5	1479
6472	3.5	1849
7228	3.5	2065
8880	3.5	2537
10658	3.5	3045
12184	3.5	3481
15530	3.5	4437
17966	3.5	5133
21620	3.5	6177
26492	3.5	7569

To determine the bevel tooth count, identify the Cyclo® BBB4 nominal ratio and corresponding bevel ratio from Table 49. Then reference Table 45 to identify the actual number of bevel gear and pinion teeth.

### Table 49. Bevel Tooth Count and Part Numbers

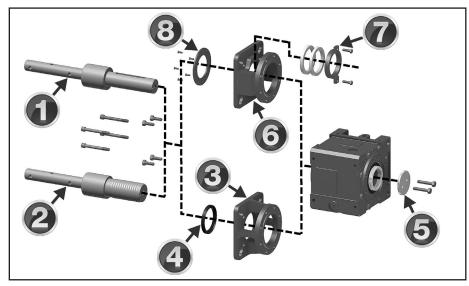
Bevel	Number	of Teeth	Bevel Gear Set Part Number						
Ratio	Pinion	Gear	4A10, 4A11 4A12, 4A14	4B12, 4B14, 4B16	4C14, 4C16, 4C17	4D16	4D17, 4D18	4E17, 4E18, 4E19	4F18, 4F19
3.2	10	32	998BBB-4ABG	998BBB-4BBG	998BBB-4CBG	998BBB-4D16BG	998BBB-4D17BG	998BBB-4EBG	998BBB-4FBG
3.5	10	35	998BBB-2AG	998BBB-2BG	998BBB-2CG	998BBB-2DG	998BBB-2D17-G	998BBB-2EG	998BBB-4FAG

# **Screw Conveyor Options**

### **Components, Assembly Instructions**

### **Screw Conveyor Components**

Figure 36. Cyclo® BBB4 Screw Conveyor Components

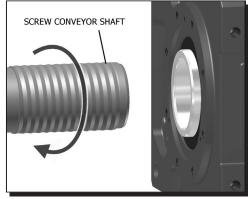


### Table 50. Typical Cyclo® BBB4 Screw **Conveyor Components**

Item Number	Description	
1	Screw Conveyor Shaft for KHB	
2	Screw Conveyor Shaft for TGB	
3	Cast Screw Conveyor Adapter	
4	Shaft Seal	
5	Shaft Retaining Plate	
6	Fabricated Screw Conveyor Adaptor	
7	Optional Braided Cord Packing Seal	
8	Optional Gland Cover Plate	

# **Screw Conveyor Assembly Instructions**

Tapered Grip Bushing Type

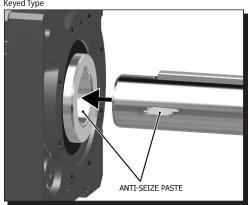


1

Insert the screw conveyor shaft completely into the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 output hub.

Tapered Grip Bushing Type – Screw the threaded end into the BBB unit.

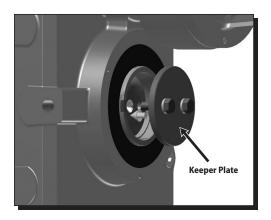
Keyed Type



Keyed Type – Apply anti-seize paste to the driven shaft, install key into shaft keyway, align the key and hollow shaft keyway and carefully slide the shaft into the BBB unit

# Screw Conveyor Options, continued

### Assembly Instructions



### 2

Secure the screw conveyor shaft in place using the **keeper plate** with the supplied hardware.

Table 51. Bolt Tightening Torques

Unit	Shaft Retaining Bolts			
Size	Qty. x Bolt Size	Bolt Torque (ft•lbs)		
4A	2 x M10	33		
4B	2 x M10	33		
4C	2 x M12	59		
4D	2 x M16	146		
4E	2 x M16	146		

### 3

If braided cord is supplied, place the **gland cover** into the screw conveyor adapter and secure it in place with the supplied hardware.

Cover not required with the use of a lipped seal.

Table 52. Bolt Tightening Torques

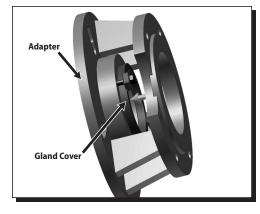
Unit	Gland Cover Bolts		
Size	Qty. x Bolt Size	Bolt Torque (ft•lbs)	
4A			
4B			
4C	2 x M8	15	
4D			
4E			

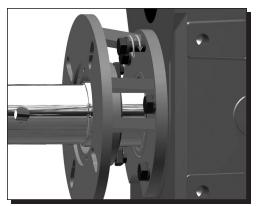
### 4

Carefully slide the screw conveyor adapter over the shaft and position it against the corresponding threaded holes in the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 housing. Use the included hardware to secure the adapter to the housing.

### Table 53. Bolt Tightening Torques

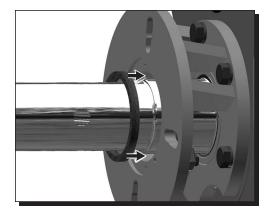
Unit	Cast Adapter/Housing Bolts		Fabricated Adapter/Housing Bolts	
Size	Qty. x Bolt Size	Bolt Torque (ft•lbs)	Qty. x Bolt Size	Bolt Torque (ft•lbs)
4A	8 x M10 (HH)	47	4 x M10 (HH) 4 x M10 (SHCS)	47 57
4B	8 x M12 (HH)	83	4 x M12 (HH) 4 x M12 (SHCS)	83 100
4C	8 x M16 (HH)	202	4 x M16 (HH) 4 x M16 (SHCS)	202 247
4D	8 x M20 (HH)	401	4 x M20 (HH) 4 x M20 (SHCS)	401 285
4E	8 x M20 (HH)	401	8 x M20 (HH)	401





# Screw Conveyor Options, continued

**Assembly Instructions** 



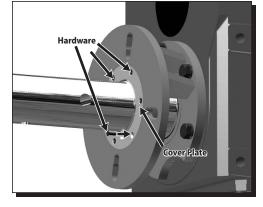
### 5

If supplied, carefully insert the application appropriate **sealing material** into the bore of the screw conveyor adapter.

- To seal the output portion of the screw conveyor adapter, Sumitomo provides two different options for each screw conveyor kit:
  - High-Performance Braided Cord: recommended for use if the conveyed material is abrasive.
  - Double-Lip, Nitrile Oil Seal: recommended for use if conveyed material is a nonabrasive liquid.
- Sumitomo **does not** recommend the use of both sealing options at the same time.

### 6

If using the **braided cord seal**, carefully slide the **cover plate** over the screw conveyor shaft and place it against the screw conveyor adapter. Secure the cover plate using the supplied hardware.



Fland Cover Bolts

### 7

If using the **braided cord seal**, tighten the **gland cover bolts** to achieve sufficient sealing on the screw conveyor shaft.

# **Cyclo® Portion Disassembly/Assembly**

**Disassembly Procedure** 

# Disassembly/Assembly

The Bevel Gear portion is designed for lower speeds and therefore has lower operating cycles when compared to the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> input assembly, therefore in most cases does not require rebuilding. Always consult our specialized factory and warehouses for overhaul of gearmotors and reducers. Experience is necessary for proper overhaul.

The Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion has significantly higher operating cycles than the Bevel Gear portion, rebuild and repair is a convenient way to extend the useful life of your gearbox.



Cyclo® repairs should be conducted by experienced personnel to prevent damage to components or persons.

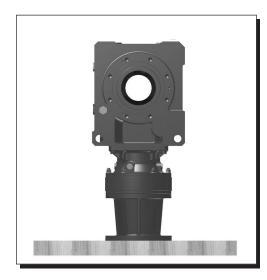
# Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Portion – General Disassembly

# 1

Before starting the disassembly process, Sumitomo recommends draining and properly disposing of all lubrication.

## 2

Carefully remove the entire Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 from the driven shaft by following the instructions outlined in the Removal From Driven Shaft section of this manual.

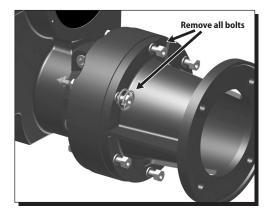


3

While carefully supporting the entire unit, place the unit on a level work surface so that the high speed portion (Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion) is facing down.

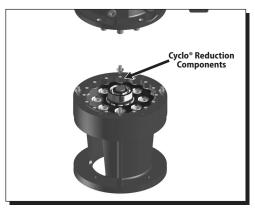
# Cyclo® Portion Disassembly/Assembly, continued

**Disassembly Procedure** 



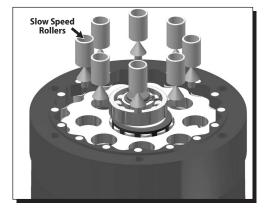
### 4

While continuing to externally support the entire Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 unit, remove each of the bolts from the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> ring gear housing (shown in horizontal position for clarity).



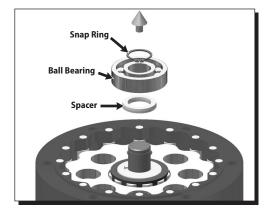
### 5

Carefully separate the **bevel gear housing assembly** from the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion to gain access to the **Cyclo<sup>®</sup> reduction components.** 



### 6

Remove the **slow speed rollers.** Additionally, check the pins on the pin carrier to see if any of the rollers have adhered to them.

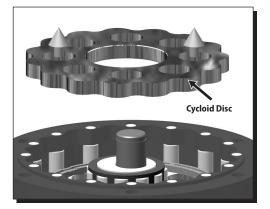


### 7

Remove the **snap ring**, the **ball bearing** and the **spacer** from the high speed shaft.

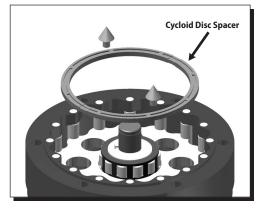
# Cyclo® Portion Disassembly/Assembly, continued

## **Disassembly Procedure**



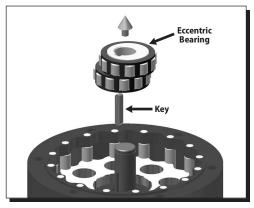
8

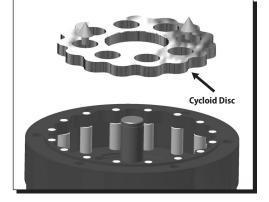
Using both hands, carefully remove the top Cycloid disc.



# 9

For Cyclo<sup>®</sup> units supplied with a **spacer**, remove the **Cycloidal disc spacer**.





### 10

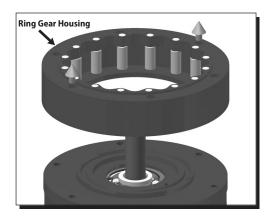
Remove the **eccentric bearing** from the high speed shaft.

### 11

Using both hands, carefully remove the remaining Cycloid disc.

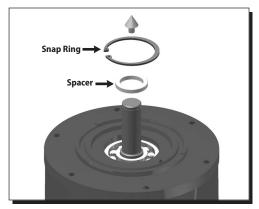
# Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Portion Disassembly/Assembly, continued

**Disassembly Procedure** 



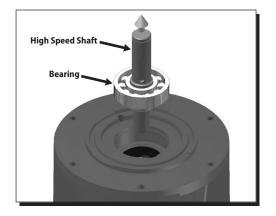
# 12

Remove the ring gear housing



### 13

Remove the **spacer** and the **snap** ring from the **high speed end shield.** 



### 14

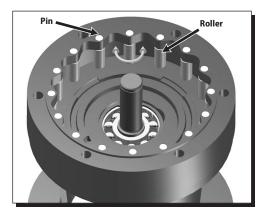
Remove the **high speed shaft**, along with its associated bearing, from the **high speed end shield**.

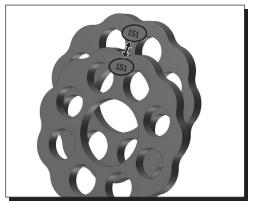
**Reassembly Procedure** 

# Cyclo<sup>®</sup> Portion – General Reassembly

The Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion of the speed reducer may be reassembled by reversing the disassembly procedure. All parts must be returned to the original order from which they were removed during disassembly. Take care to keep the moving reduction components free of dust or foreign material, and properly align all gaskets in order to keep the assembly oil tight/leak free.

### Remember these important notes when assembling the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> reducer:





# 1

Place the **ring gear housing** on the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> **high speed end shield** (or the motor flange) and insert the ring gear housing **pins** and **rollers** (if they had been removed during the disassembly process). Rotate each of the pins and rollers by hand to assure that they freely move/rotate.

If the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion of the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 is grease lubricated, liberally apply grease to the ring gear pins and rollers before they are inserted into the ring gear housing.

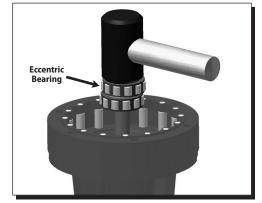


If the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion of the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 unit is oil lubricated – do not add any grease during the reassembly process.

# 2

**Cycloid discs** are a matched pair, both discs have the same code etched on one side.

When inserting these discs into the ring gear housing, be sure that the etched number is facing up.

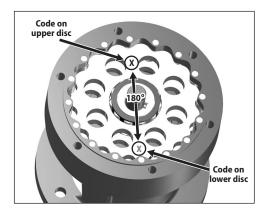


### 3

When reinserting the **eccentric bearing assembly**, use only a wooden or hard rubber mallet to tap it into place.

# Cyclo® Portion Disassembly/Assembly, continued

**Reassembly Procedure** 



### 4

Insert the **top Cycloid disc** so that the code engraved on its surface is 180° opposed to the corresponding etched code on the **lower Cycloid disc**.

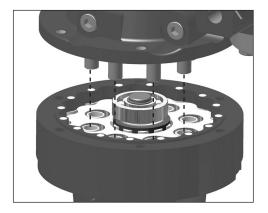


## 5

If the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> portion of the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 unit is grease lubricated, refill the reduction components with the amount specified in Grease Quantities section of this manual; **or,** fill to 80% of the space around the reduction mechanism and bearings of single reduction units, and 50% of the space around the reduction mechanism of both the first and second stage of double reduction units.



If the Cyclo $^\circ$  portion of the Cyclo $^\circ$  BBB4 unit is oil lubricated – do not add any grease during the reassembly process.



### 6

When reassembling the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> BBB4 gear housing onto the Cyclo<sup>®</sup> reduction stage, ensure that the **carrier pins** are inserted and aligned with the corresponding bores of the **rollers.** 

# Troubleshooting

**Reducer Troubleshooting** 

## **Reducer Troubleshooting**

This troubleshooting guide provides assistance in identifying and overcoming common problems with reducers and motors. If a problem with the reducer and/or the motor is not listed below, please consult the factory for assistance.

## **Reducer Troubleshooting**

Problem with the Reducer		Possible Causes	Suggested Remedy
	Overloading	Load exceeds capacity of the reducer	Check the rated capacity of the reducer, replace with unit of sufficient capacity or reduce the load
Runs Hot		Insufficient lubricant	Check lubricant level and increase to recommended level
	Improper lubrication	Excessive lubricant	Check lubricant level and reduce to recommended level
		Incorrect lubricant	Flush old lubricant from the unit and refill with correct recommended lubricant
	Loose foundation bolts	Weak mounting structure	Inspect mounting of reducer. Tighten loose bolts and/or reinforce mounting & structure
		Loose hold-down bolts	Tighten bolts
	Worn disc and/or bevel gearing	Load exceeds capacity of reducer	If bevel gearset is damaged, contact the factory. If Cycloid discs are damaged, disassemble the Cyclo® portion and replace discs. Re-check the rated capacity of the unit
Vibration or Noise	Bearing failure	Insufficient lubricant	If output bearings are damaged, contact the factory If bearings in Cyclo <sup>®</sup> portion are damaged, replace the affected bearings. Clean & flush the reducer and fill with the correct type and quantity of lubricant
		Load exceeds capacity of reducer	Check the rated capacity of the reducer. Replace with unit of sufficient capacity or reduce the driven load
	Insufficient lubricant	Insufficient lubricant	Check lubricant level and adjust to recommended level
	Damaged Cyclo <sup>®</sup> pins and rollers	Load exceeds capacity of reducer	Disassemble Cyclo <sup>®</sup> portion of reducer and replace ring gear housing pins and rollers. Check load on reducer
	Motor shaft broken		Replace broken shaft. Check rated capacity of reducer
Output Shaft/Hub does		Replace key	
not turn	Eccentric bearing broken	Insufficient lubricant	Replace the Eccentric Bearing in the Cyclo <sup>®</sup> portion. Flush and refill the unit with the recommended lubricant
	Motor does not turn	Motor	Refer to the "Motor" portion of this Troubleshooting guide
Oil Leakage	Worn seals	Caused by dirt or grit entering the seal area	Replace the oil seals
		Excessive lubricant	Check the lubricant level and adjust to the recommended level
	Leakage into motor	Air breather clogged	Clean or replace element, being sure to prevent any dirt from falling into the reducer
		Improper mounting position, such as other than designed mounting angle	Mount the unit in its designed mounting angle

# Troubleshooting, continued

**Motor Troubleshooting** 

## Motor Troubleshooting

Problem with the Motor		Possible Causes	Suggested Remedy	
	Makes a "groaning" sound	Faulty switch contact	Adjust the contact	
		Blown fuse	Replace fuse	
		One phase wire of the power supply open	Rewire connection	
		Stator coil open	Repair by rewinding or replacing the stator assembly	
Load is disconnected		Stator and rotor touching due to bearing housing wear	Replace the bearing and bracket	
but motor does not rotate	Starts in either direction when turned by hand	Three-phase is operating as singlephase	Consult the power source with a voltmeter	
		Stator coil open	Repair by rewinding or replacing stator assembly	
	Doesn't make anv	External power failure	Contact the local power company.	
	noise	Open connection wire Faulty Switch contact Faulty Starter contact	Check the source wiring Adjust the contacts	
	Rotates in the wrong direction	Connection error	Change any two of the three-phase source connections	
	Fuse blows	Shorted lead wire	Replace fuse and rewire short	
Rotates with	Speed does not increase	Faulty starter contact	Replace or adjust starter contact	
the load disconnected but:	Makes a "groaning" sound	Overcurrent/Overheating due to Rotor and Stator touching	Repair by rewinding or replacing stator assembly	
but:		Overcurrent due to one phase of Stator Coil shorted	Replace the stator winding	
	Makes a highpitched "metallic" noise	Faulty bearing	Replace the bearing	
	Switch overheats	Insufficient switch capacity	Replace with switch having the rated capacity	
		Overload	Decrease load to the rated value	
Rotates when	Fuse blows	Insufficient fuse capacity	Replace with fuse having the rated capacity	
the load is disconnected	Overheats	Overload	Decrease load to rated value	
but when the load is	Overneats	Voltage drop	Consult with local power company	
connected:	Spood cuddonly dropp	Voltage drop	Consult with local power company	
	Speed suddenly drops	Overload	Decrease load to rated value	
	Stops	Bearing damaged by overheating	Replace the bearings	

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